



Study of charm and beauty in QGP from unquenched lattice QCD

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Lattice correlators

Outlook

Outline

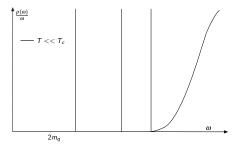
Correlators and spectral functions

- Heavy $q\bar{q}$: a thermometer of QGP in heavy ion collisions
- The spectral functions $\rho_H(\omega)$ contains information about the in-medium hadron properties

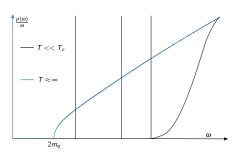
$$\sum_{\vec{x}} \left\langle \bar{\psi} \Gamma_H \psi(\tau, \vec{x}) (\bar{\psi} \Gamma_H \psi(0, \vec{0}))^{\dagger} \right\rangle \equiv \frac{G_H(\tau)}{\sigma} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega}{\pi} \rho_H(\omega) \frac{\cosh(\omega(\tau - \frac{1}{2T}))}{\sinh(\frac{\omega}{2T})}$$

Strategy:

- $G_H(\tau)$ on the lattice
- Extract spectral function
- Estimate in-medium hadronic properties
- In addition transport coefficients, like heavy quark diffusion coefficients, are encoded in the vector meson spectral function

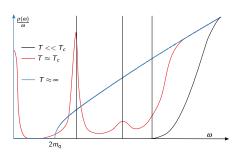


Ref. [H. Sandmeyer's thesis]



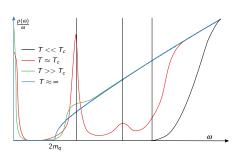
At infinite temperature there cannot be bound states

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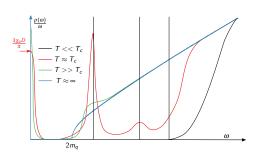
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- At infinite temperature there cannot be bound states
- Melting of states visualizes in shrinking and broadening of bound peaks



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- At infinite temperature there cannot be bound states
- Melting of states visualizes in shrinking and broadening of bound peaks
- Heavy quark diffusion constant can be read off in vector channel

$$D = \frac{\pi}{3\chi_q} \lim_{\omega \to 0} \sum_{i=1}^{3} \frac{\rho_V(\omega, T)}{\omega}$$

Extraction of spectral function is ill-posed problem \to large lattices needed. Ref. [H. Sandmeyer's thesis]

SPF's contribution to correlators

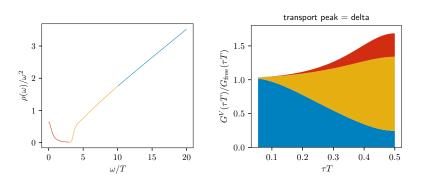
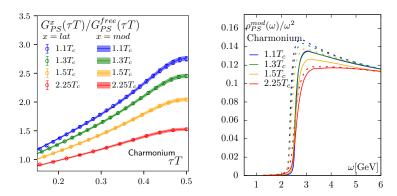


Figure: Visualization of which parts of the spectral function contribute to the correlator at different τT . Ref. [H. Sandmeyer's thesis]

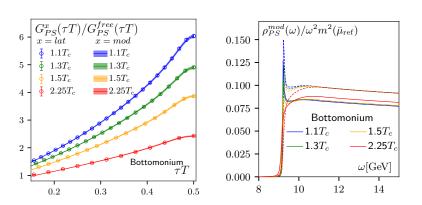
Spectral reconstruction (Quenched)

$$\rho_{PS}^{pert}(\omega) = A^{match} \rho_{PS}^{VAC}(\omega) + \rho_{PS}^{THERM}(\omega)$$
$$\rho_{PS}^{mod}(\omega) = A \rho_{PS}^{pert}(\omega - B)$$



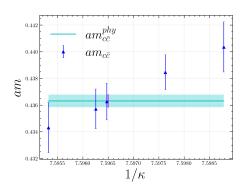
Ref. [JHEP 11 (2017) 206, A. Lorenz's thesis]

Spectral reconstruction (Quenched)



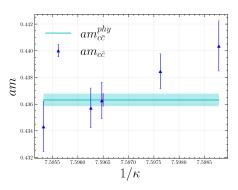
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Mass tuning on mixed action (Full QCD)



- Mixed action approach (Wilson Clover fermions on HISQ configurations)
- Tadpole improved tree-level, $c_{SW} = \frac{1}{\mu_0^3}$, $u_0 = (tr[U_{\mu\nu}])^{\frac{1}{4}}$
- Quark mass tuning
- Tune spectrum to experimental values

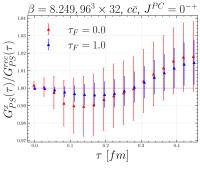
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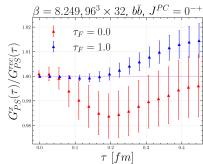


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- Tune spectrum to experimental values
- HISQ lattices from HotQCD (arXiv:2110.11659) ($m_l = m_s/5$); $64^3 \times 64$, $96^3 \times 32$, new temperatures at $96^3 \times 56$ and $96^3 \times 28$
- Gradient flow (renormalizes the operators, removes cut-off and mixed action effects and improves signal-to-noise ratio)

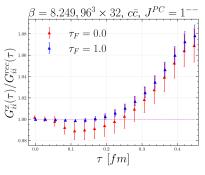
Full QCD (HOTQCD PRELIMINARY) N_f =2+1 HISQ, a^{-1} = 7 GeV, $m_l = m_s/5$

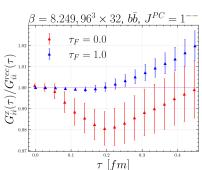
$$G_{H}^{rec}(\tau, T, T') = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\omega}{\pi} \rho_{H}(\omega, T') \frac{\cosh(\omega(\tau - \frac{1}{2T}))}{\sinh(\frac{\omega}{2T})}$$



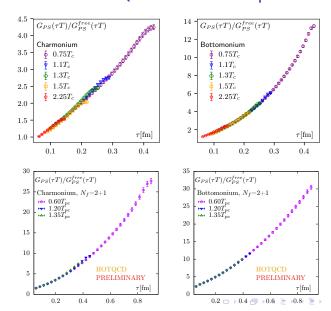


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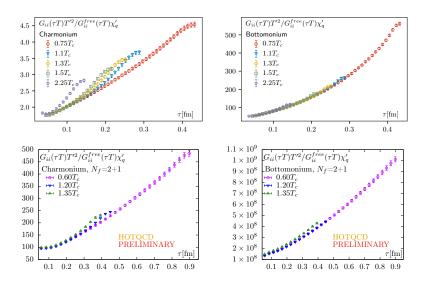
Correlators: Quenched VS Unquenched







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Outlook

- Extend the studies on spectral and transport properties from quenched to dynamical QCD
- Study light quark mass effects by comparing $m_l=m_s/5$ and $m_l=m_s/27$
- Study cut-off effects and perform continuum extrapolation
- Improve on perturbative and non-perturbative spectral function models
- Spectral reconstruction based on spectral function model fits and other reconstruction methods
- Estimate in-medium hadronic and transport properties (Kubo relation)

Thank you for your attension!