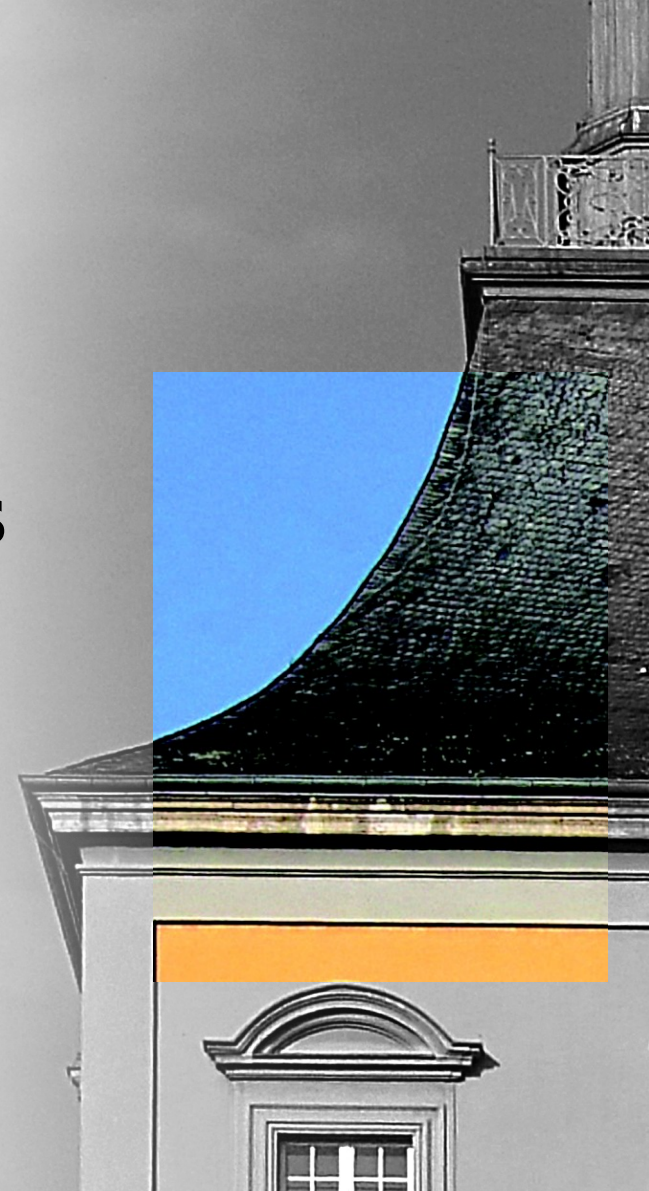


Machine Learning – Project Report
30.07.2026

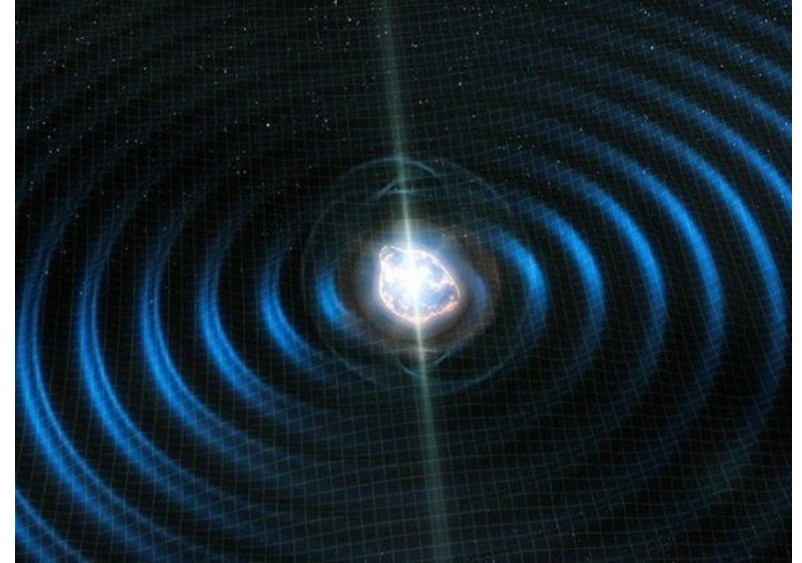
G2Net – Detecting Continuous Gravitational Waves

Samuel Hilbricht



The G2Net-Challenge

- Rapidly spinning neutron stars
→ continuous gravitational waves
- LIGO interferometers at Hanford and Livingston

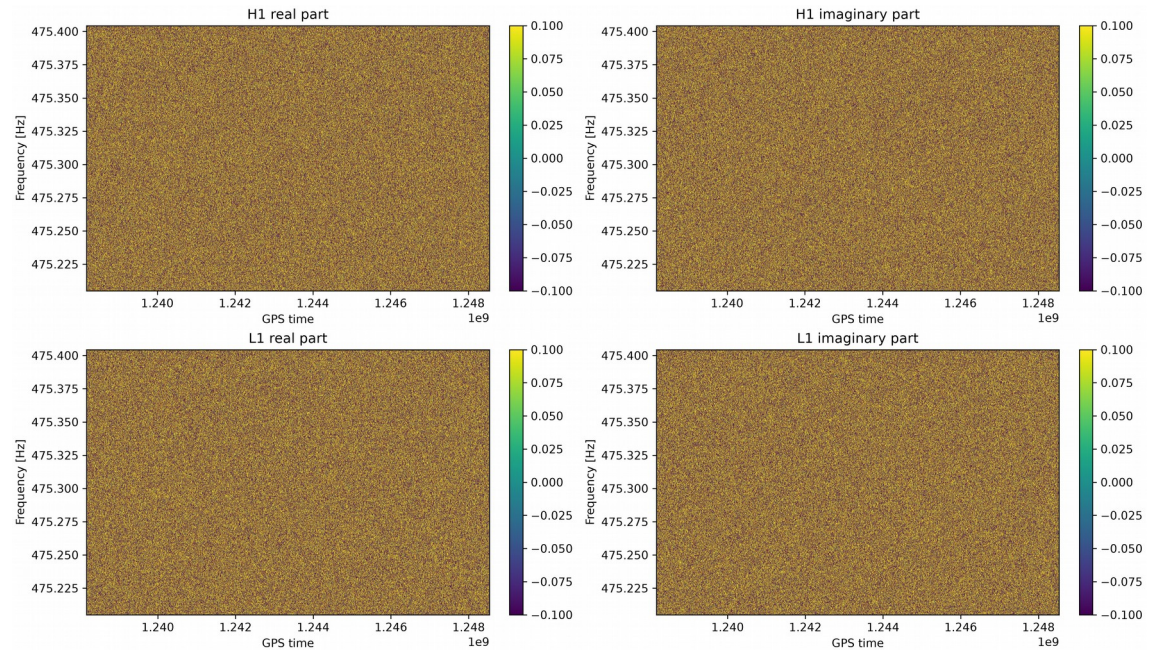


<https://earthsky.org/space/gravitational-waves-single-neutron-stars-planck-einsteinhome/>

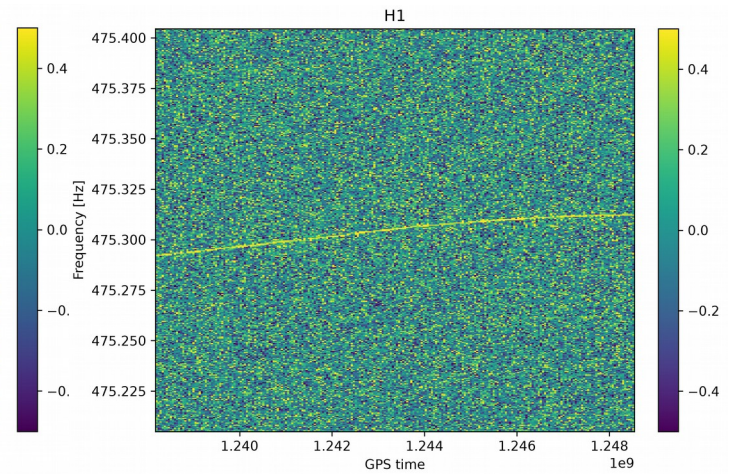
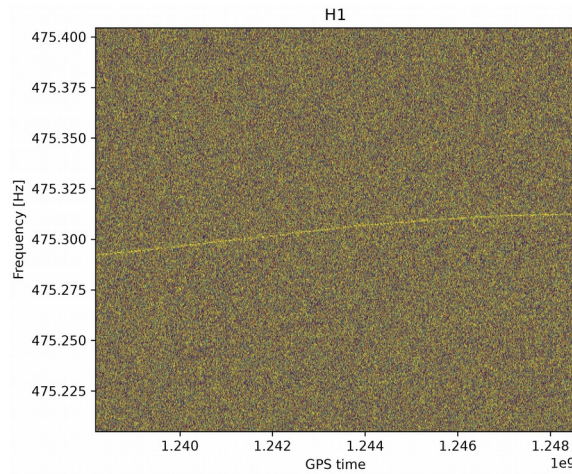
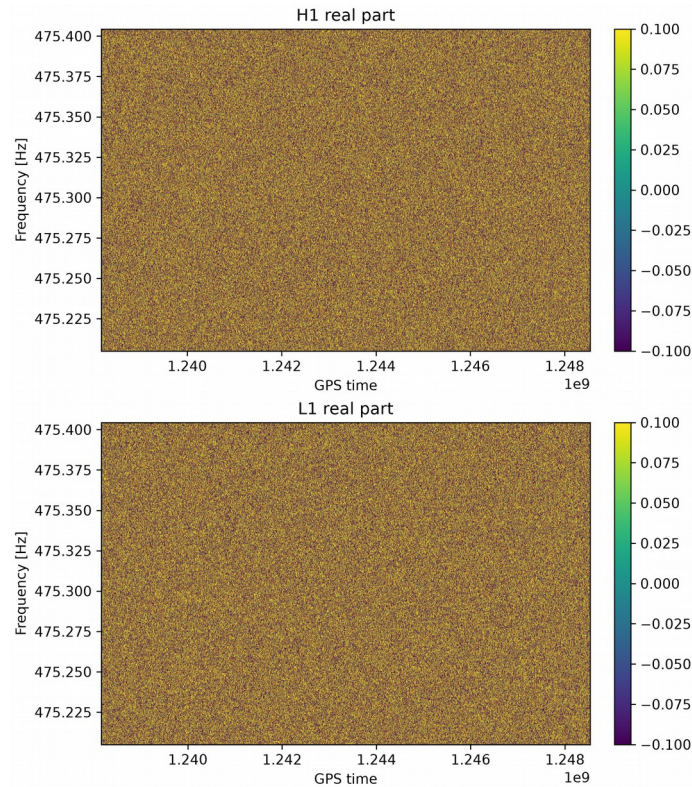
<https://mpcomagnetics.com/blog/laser-interferometer-gravitational-wave-observatory-ligo-first-time/>

Dataset

- Short-time Fourier Transforms (SFTs)
 - 360 frequency bins
 - ~4500 timesteps
- Labels:
 - 0 = background (200)
 - 1 = signal (400)
 - -1 = unclassified (3)



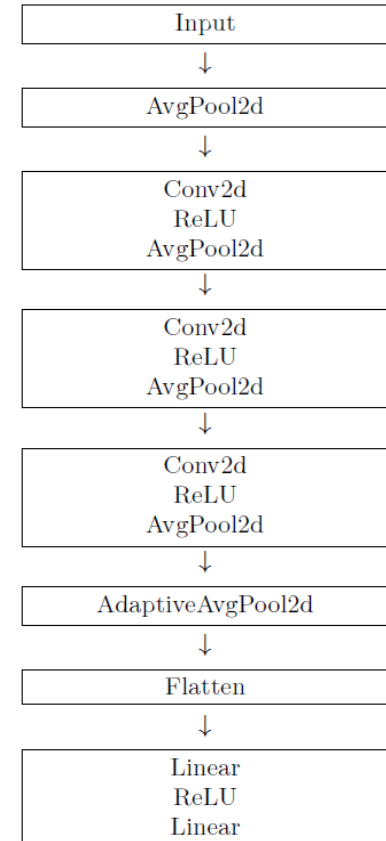
Preprocessing



- Modulus
- Average Pooling
- Truncating / Padding

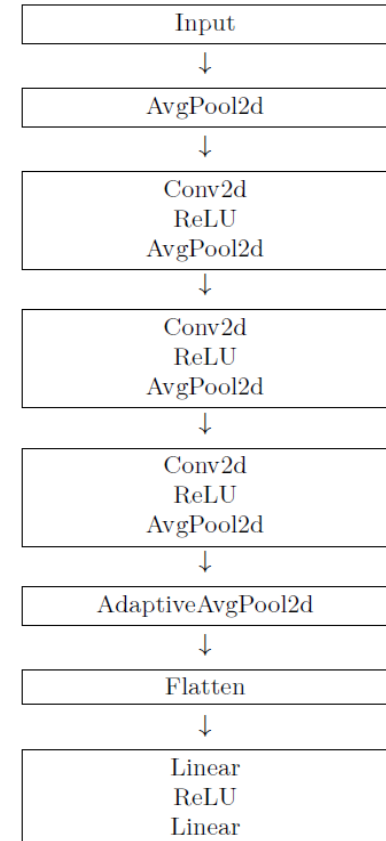
First Approach: CNN

- Input: $N \times 2 \times 360 \times 4500$
- Average pooling: kernel size (1,20), stride (1,20)
- Convolution: kernel size 3, padding 1
- Intermediate average pooling: kernel size 3
- Adaptive average pooling $\rightarrow (45,25)$
- Channels: $2 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 32 \rightarrow 64$
- Linear: $45 \times 25 \times 64 \rightarrow 128 \rightarrow 1$



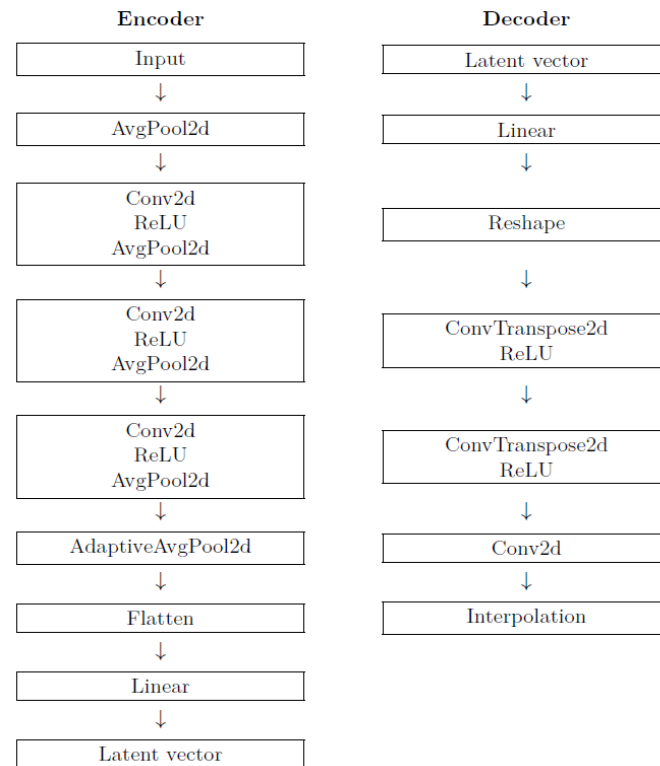
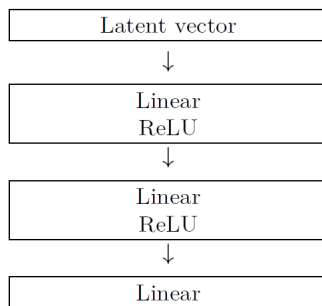
First Approach: CNN

- Training:
 - BCEWithLogitsLoss
 - Adam Optimizer
 - 11-15 epochs
 - Batch size: 10

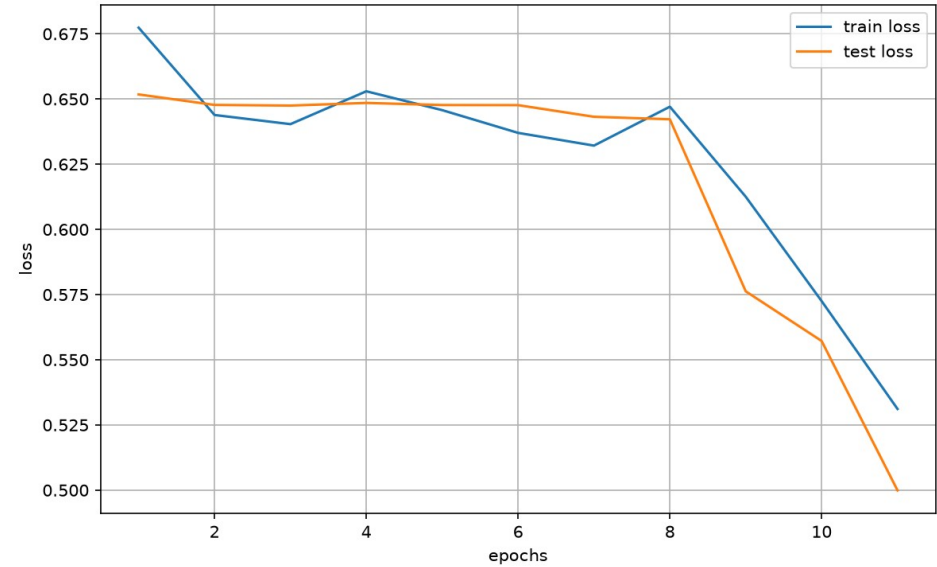
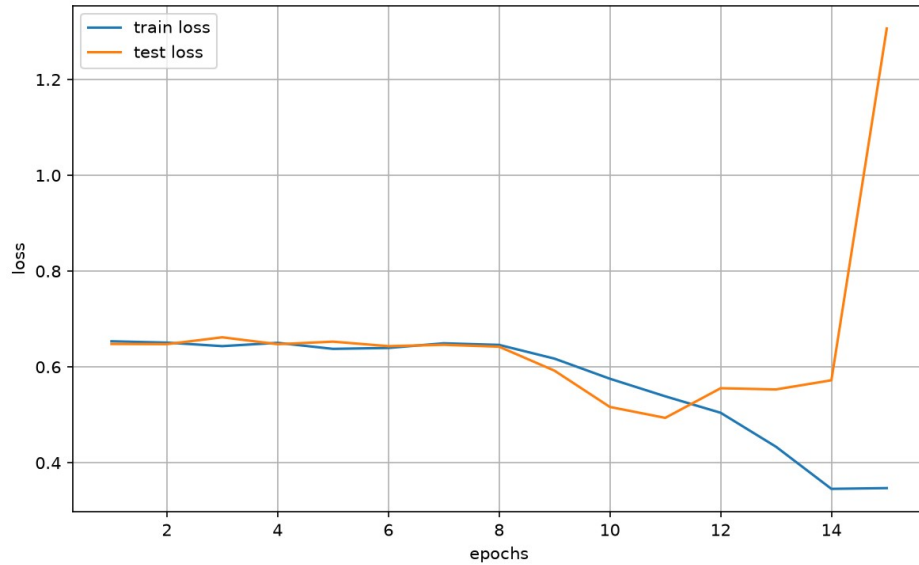


Second Apporach: Autoencoder

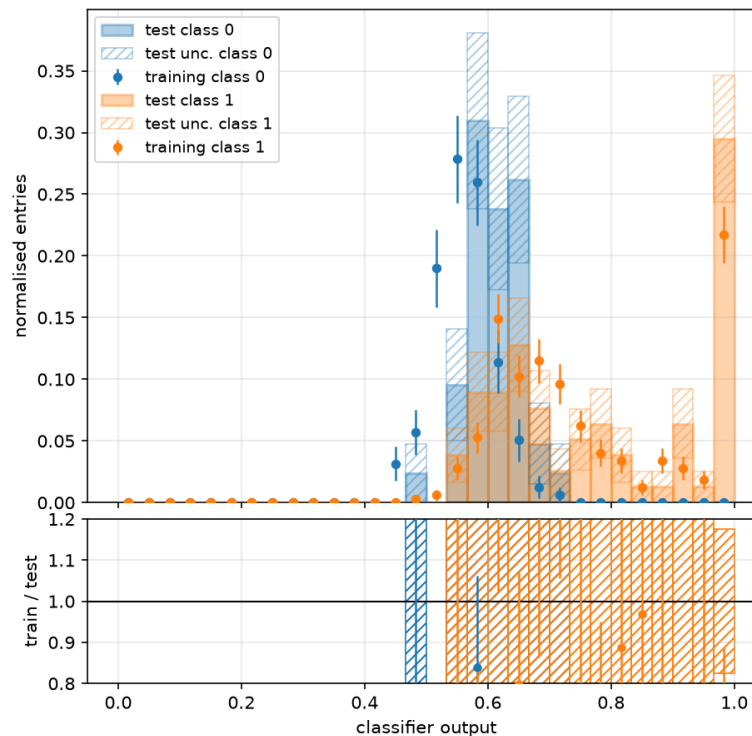
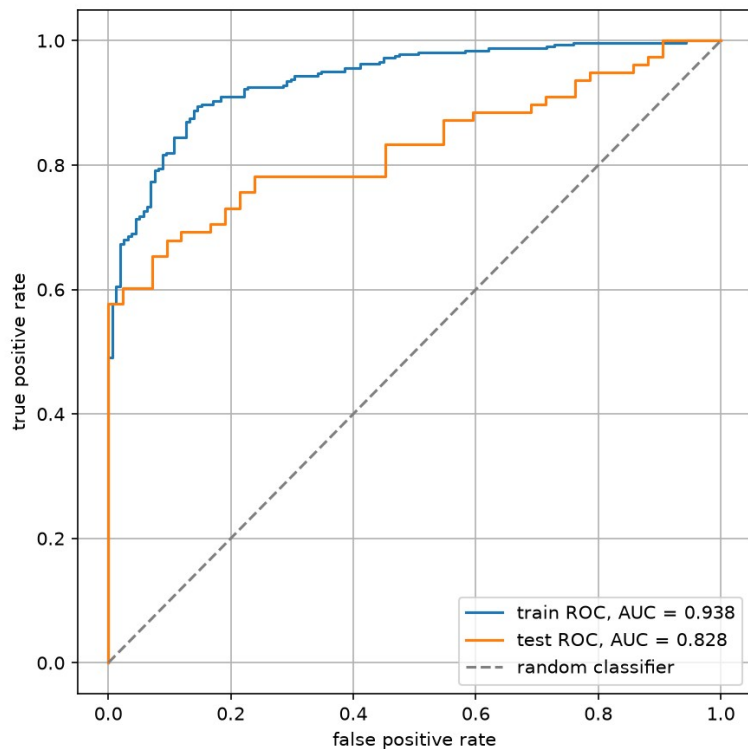
- Convolutional Encoder
- Decoder with transposed convolutional layers
- Training with MSE Loss
- MLP Classifier:



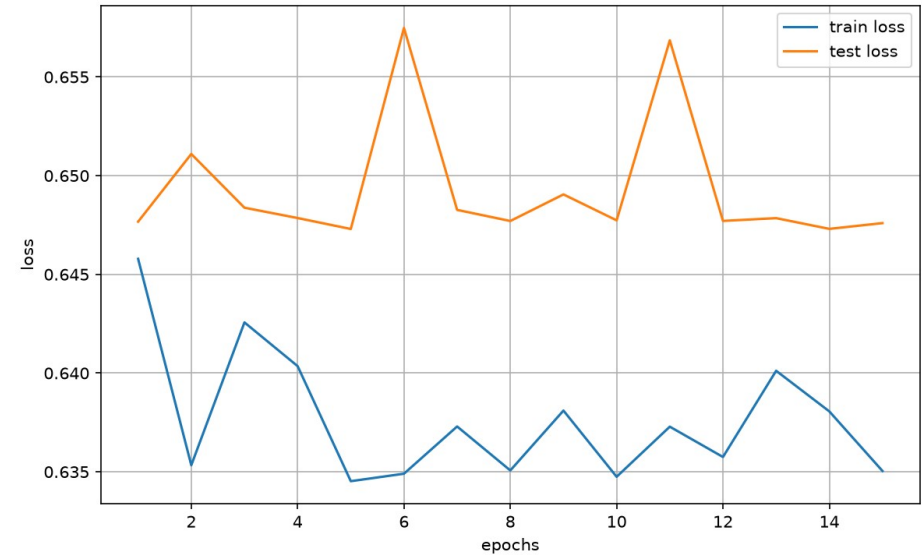
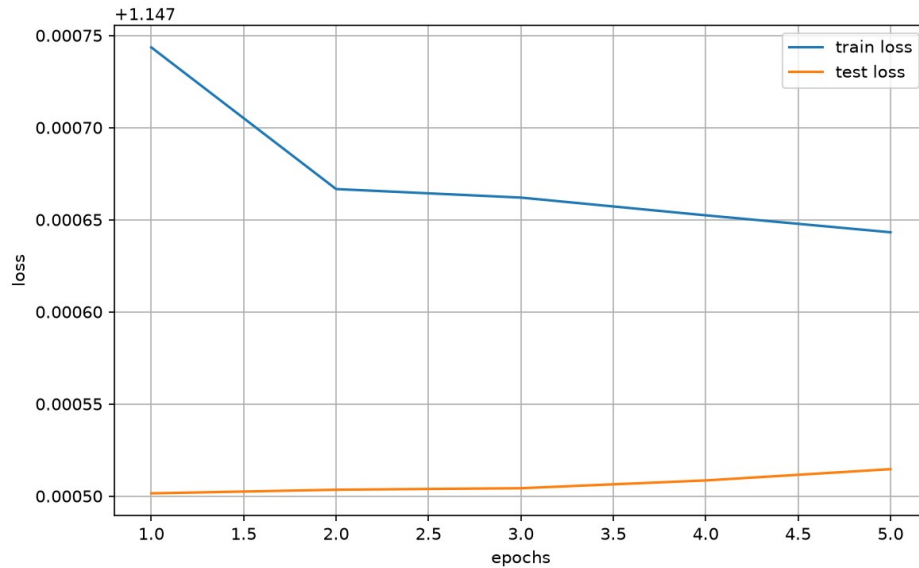
Results - CNN



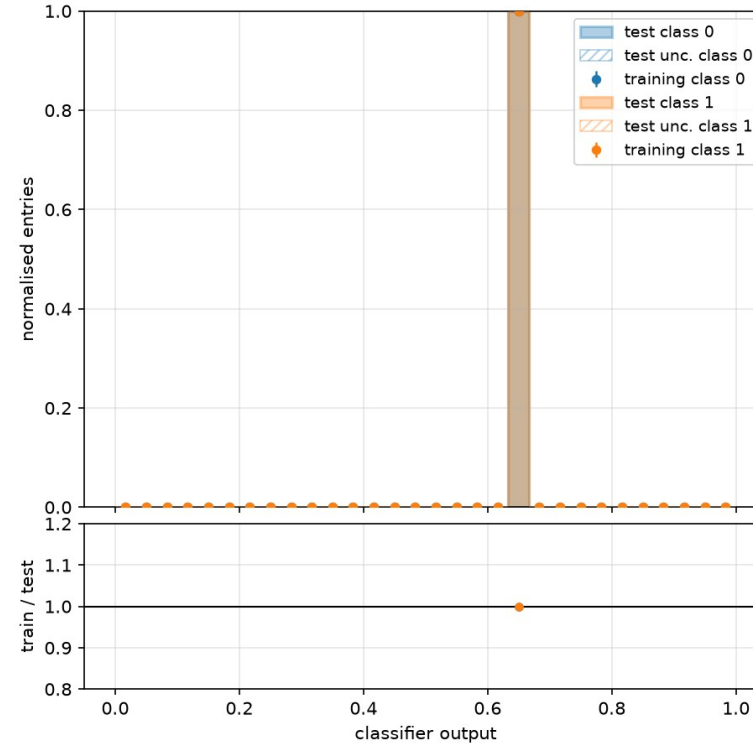
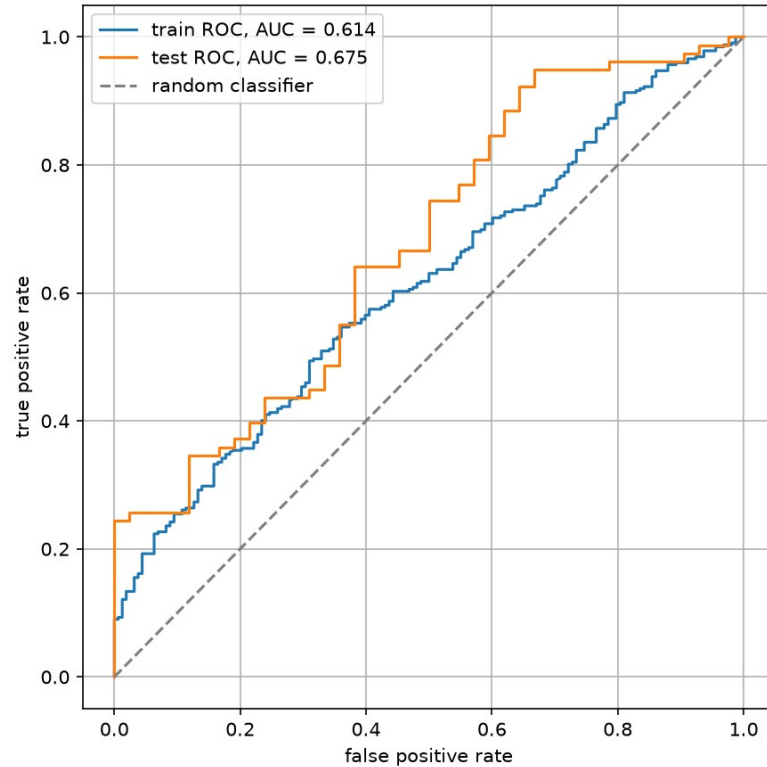
Results - CNN



Results - Autoencoder



Results - Autoencoder



Thank you for your attention!