



INTEGRATED COMPUTING ARCHITECTURES AT FZJ

18.05.2026 | ANDRÉ ZAMBANINI

INTEGRATED COMPUTING ARCHITECTURES

Semiconductors enable Future Computing architectures

→ High integration, VLSI scalability



Quantum Computing



Neuromorphic Computing

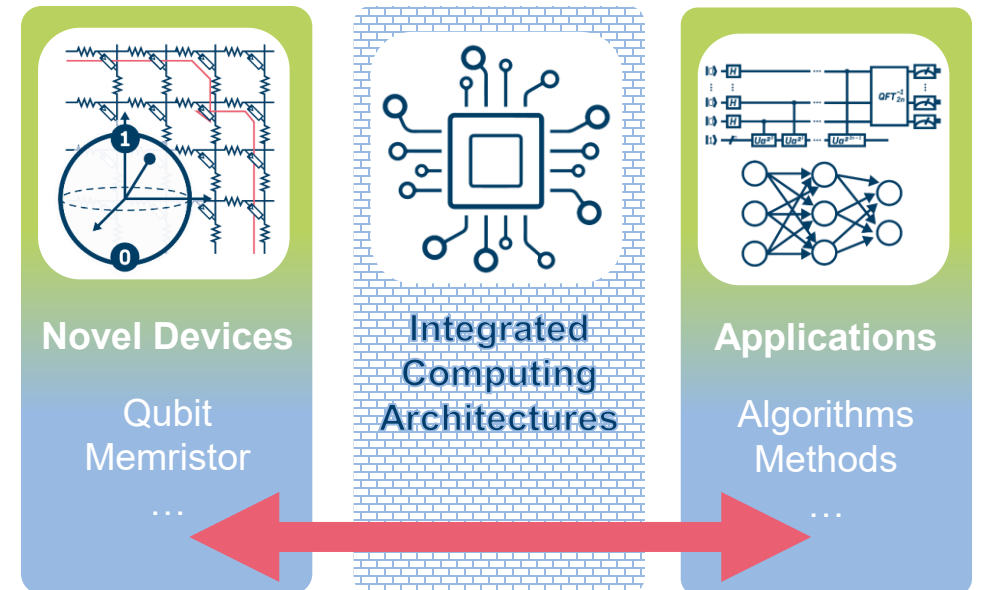
System integration of memristors, qubits, etc.

→ Algorithms, hardware and physics co-design

System modeling of hardware implementations

→ Application requirements and error mitigation / correction

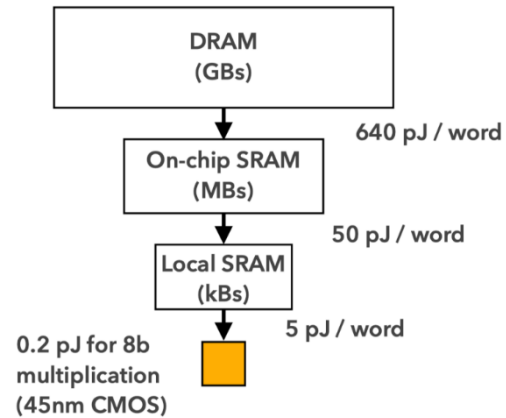
~60 people (staff, post-docs, PhDs)



PERFORMANCE SCALING LIMITED BY MEMORY?

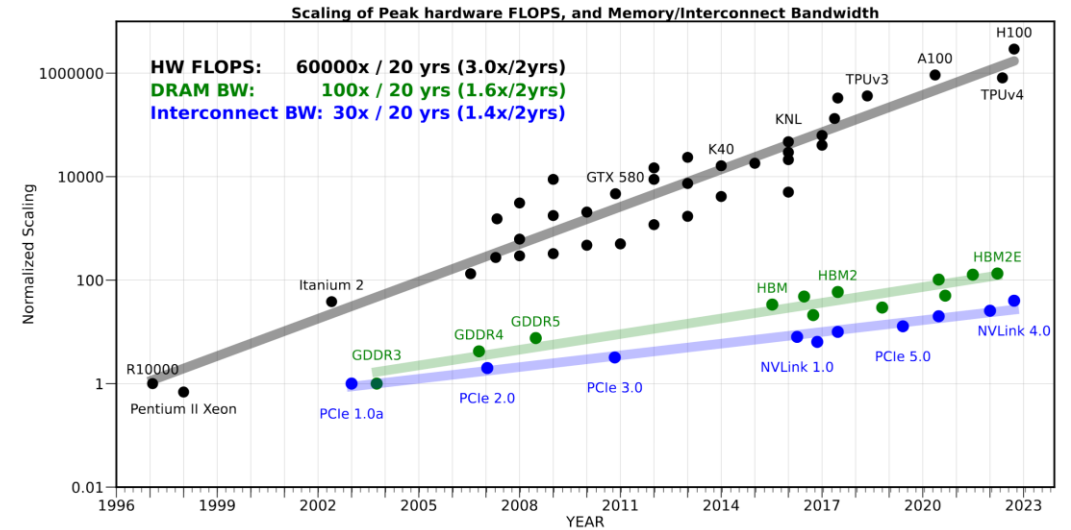


Energy Footprint of Computing vs. Data Movement



Horowitz, M., "Computing's Energy Problem (and what we can do about it)", IEEE ISSCC, 2014

Scaling of Computing vs. Memory Bandwidth



Gholami A, et al. "AI and Memory Wall", arXiv (2024). <https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.14123>

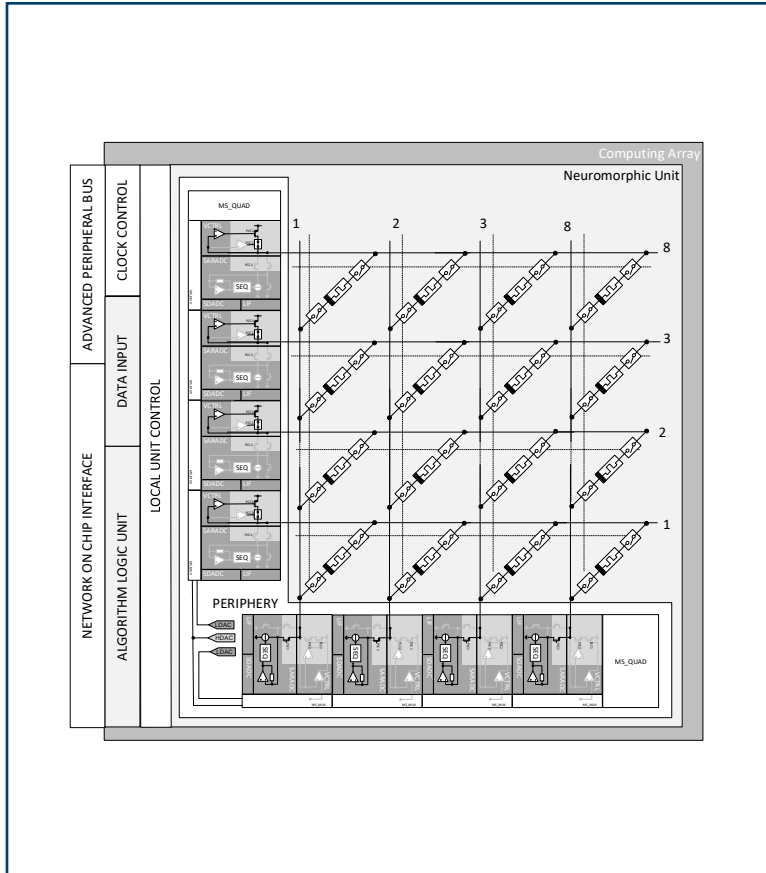
How to overcome the memory limitations?

BIOLOGICAL INSPIRATION:
Memory Integral Part of the Computing

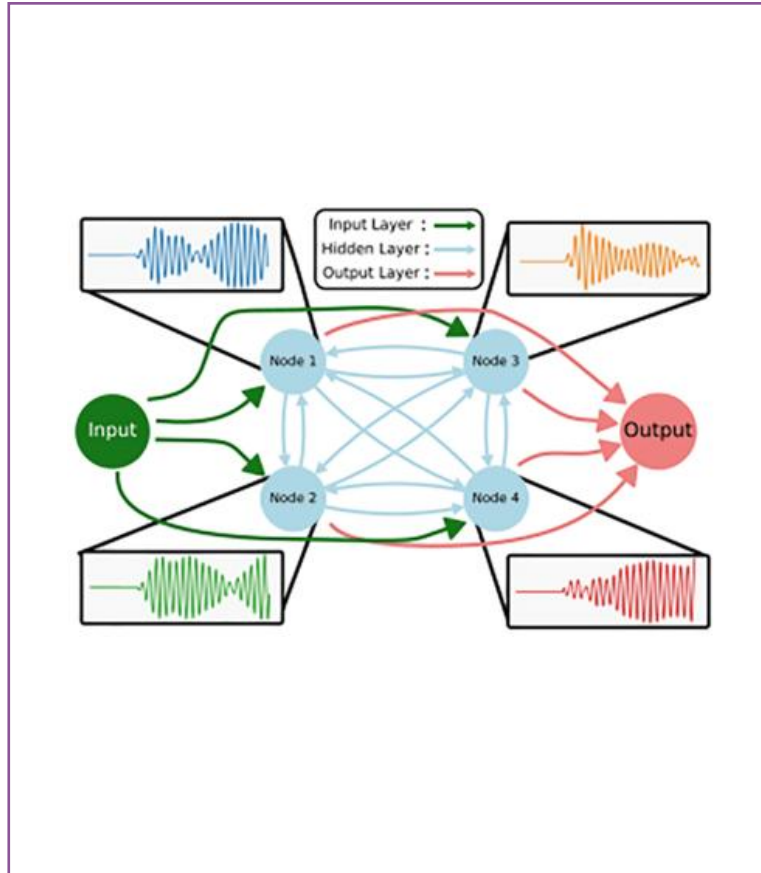
NC!



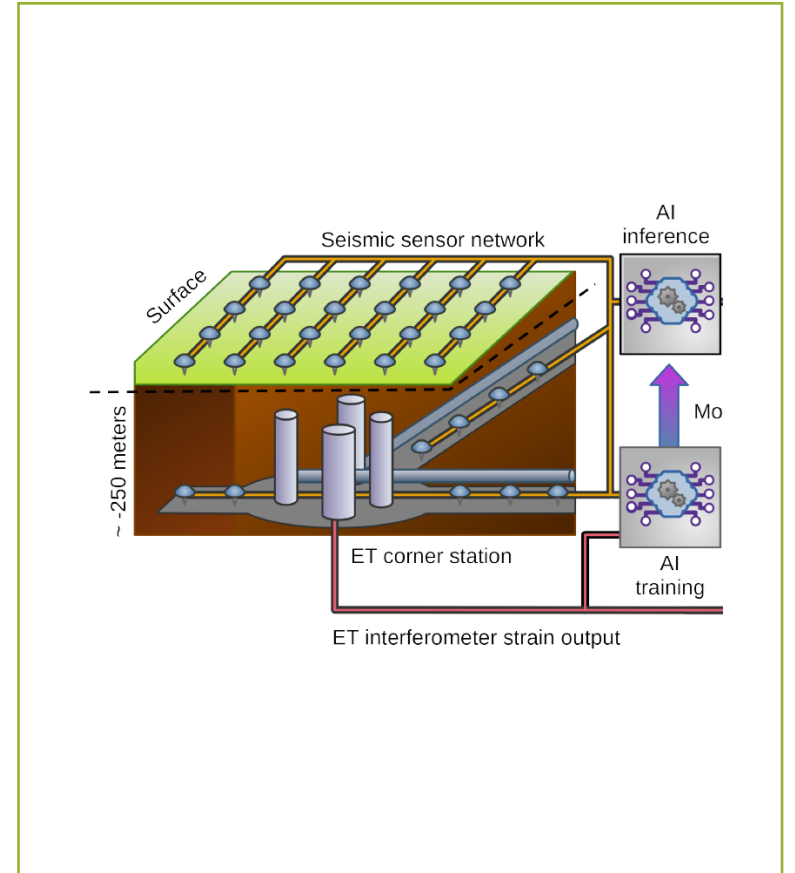
FOCUS TOPICS IN NEUROMORPHIC COMPUTING



Crossbar Arrays

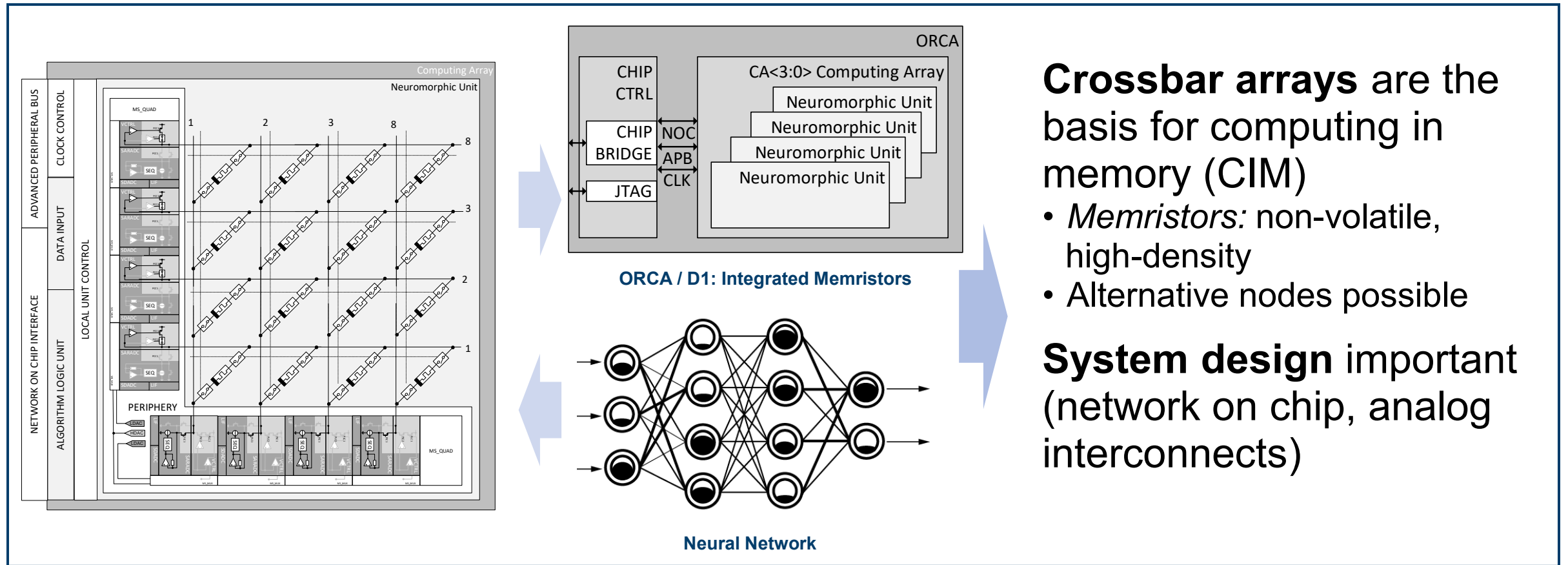


Oscillatory Neural Networks



Edge AI Applications

CROSSBAR ARRAYS USED FOR COMPUTING IN MEMORY



Crossbar arrays are the basis for computing in memory (CIM)

- *Memristors*: non-volatile, high-density
- Alternative nodes possible

System design important (network on chip, analog interconnects)

Crossbar Arrays

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NEUROTEC II: DEMONSTRATOR SYSTEM

Platform for Multiple Bio-Inspired Computing Paradigms

Versatile Demonstration Vehicle

4 programmable memristive crossbar arrays with

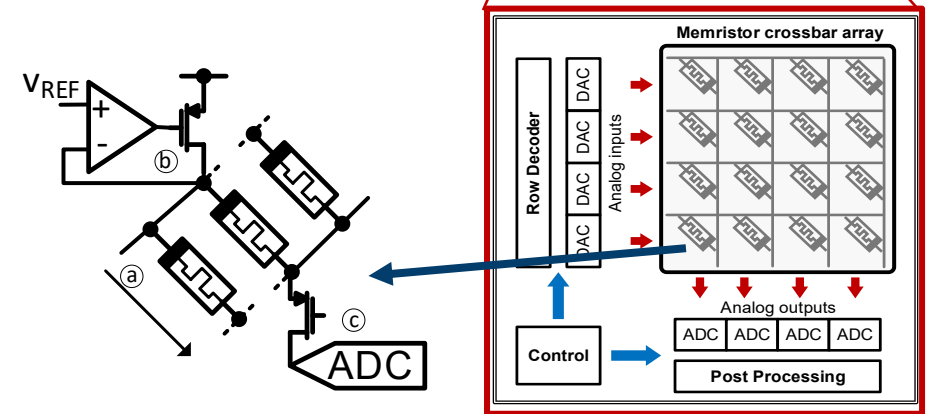
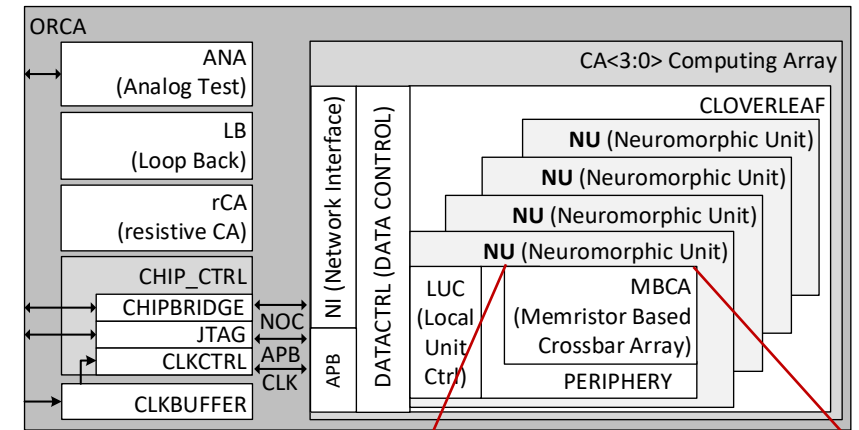
- > **65.000 memristors** co-integrated (post-processing)
- **2560 8-bit ADC** and **4-bit DAC** integrated
- Automatic memristor control enabled

Flexible Interfaces

- Network on Chip (NoC)
- Chipbridge for direct NoC access
- Standard JTAG programming interface

→ **Different bio-inspired computing paradigms**

Concept developed in close collaboration within FZJ



Crossbar Arrays

Oscillatory Neural Networks

Edge AI Applications

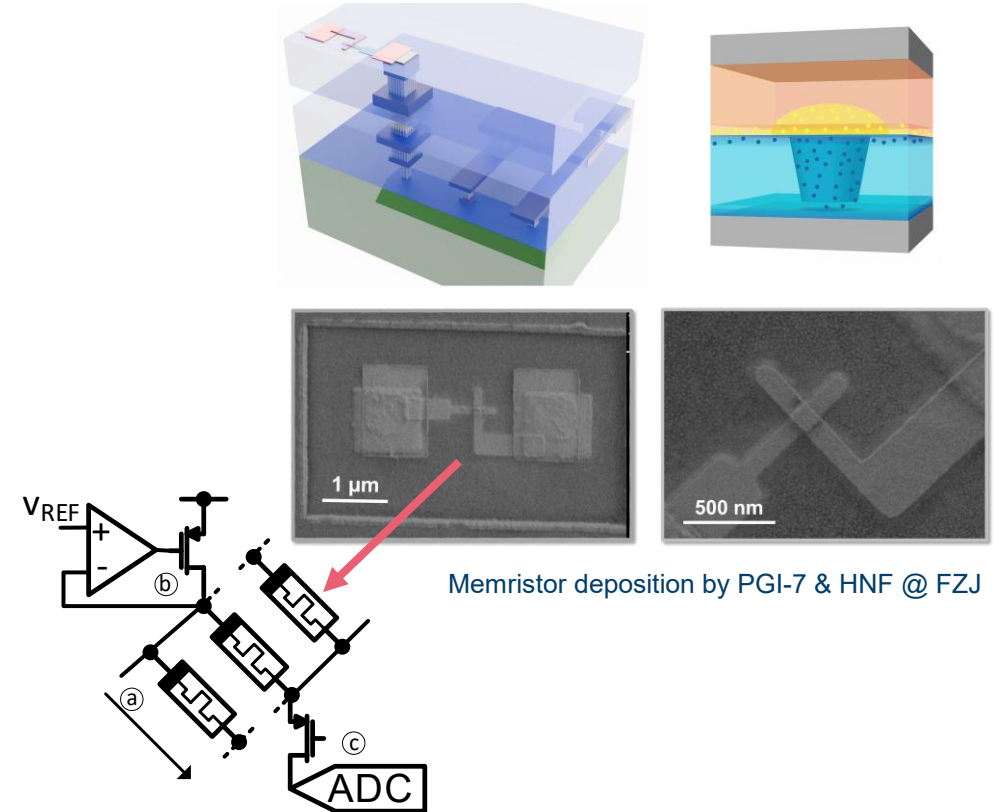
NEUROTEC II: MEMRISTOR INTEGRATION

State-of-the-Art Memristor Integration

- Fab-level RRAM: binary memory with controller
→ no access to the device
- Research-level: memristor off-chip, wirebonding at best
→ scale-up issues and strong parasitic effects

Goal: True Memristor Integration into/onto CMOS

- Robust 180 nm CMOS for prove of principle
- Modern 28 nm CMOS for scalable and high-performance
 - Issues: full wafer (too)expensive, MPW chiplets small and fully processed, copper complicated in clean rooms, ...
→ tricky integration, but doable
- Outlook: integration into BEOL on 22 nm FD-SOI planned

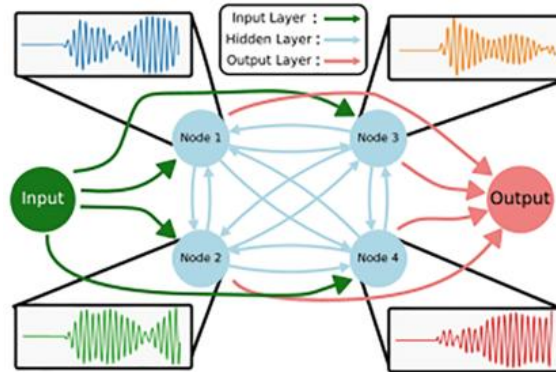
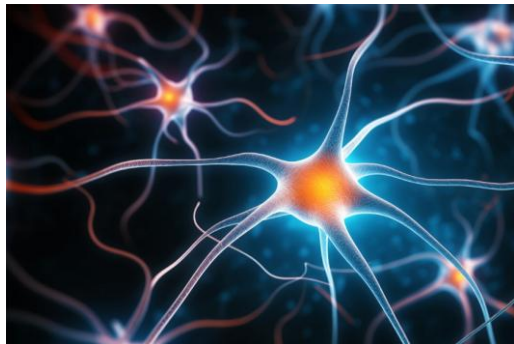
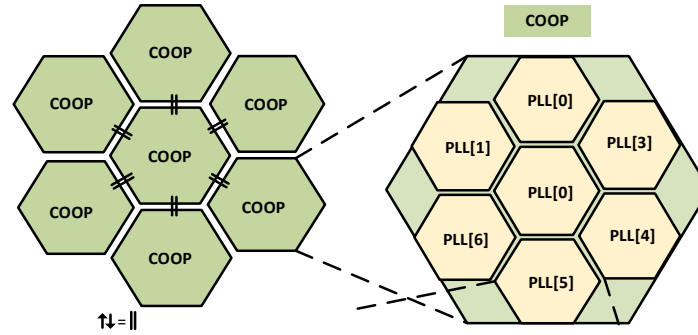
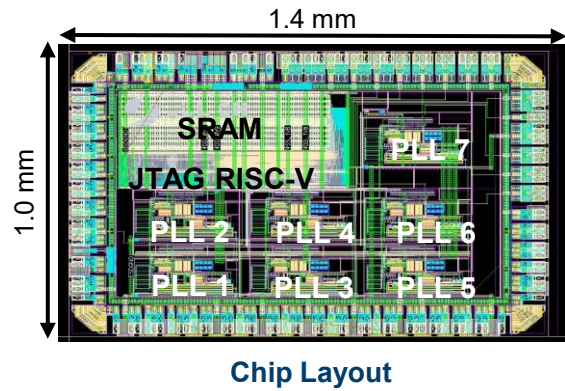


Crossbar Arrays

Oscillatory Neural Networks

Edge AI Applications

THE MAGIC LIES IN THE COUPLING



Brain-inspired computing:
processing based on overlay of oscillations

- Coupling of oscillators
- Information is in the phase

Analog and mixed-signal circuits for **Pattern Recognition**

Crossbar Arrays

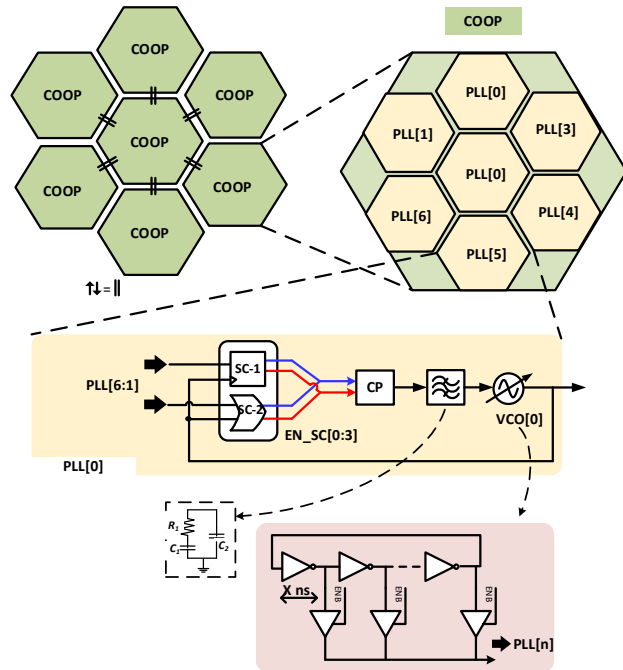
Oscillatory Neural Networks

Edge AI Applications

COUPLED OSCILLATOR SYSTEM

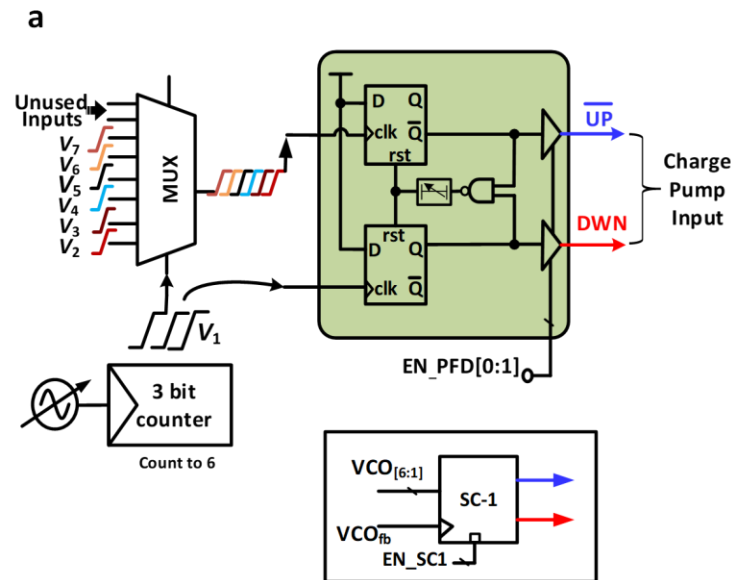


ARCHITECTURE

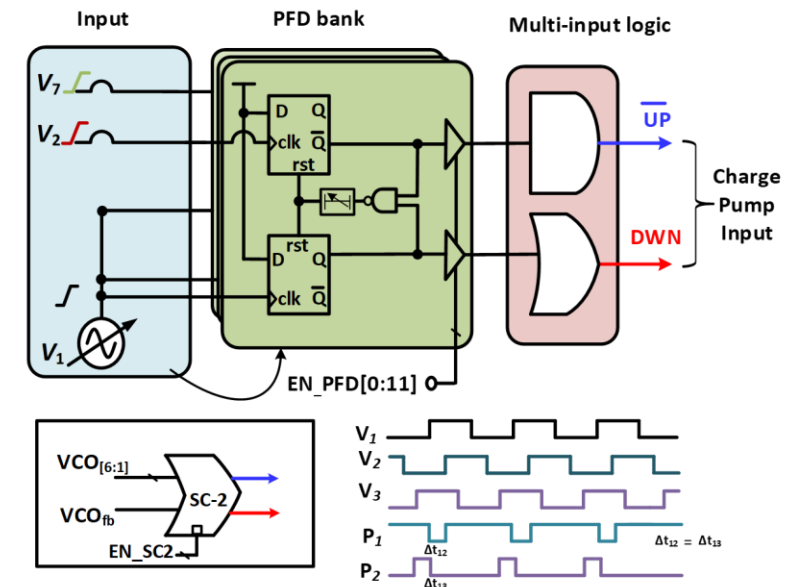


CONFIGURABLE COUPLING

Parallel to Serial (S1)



Parallel (S2)



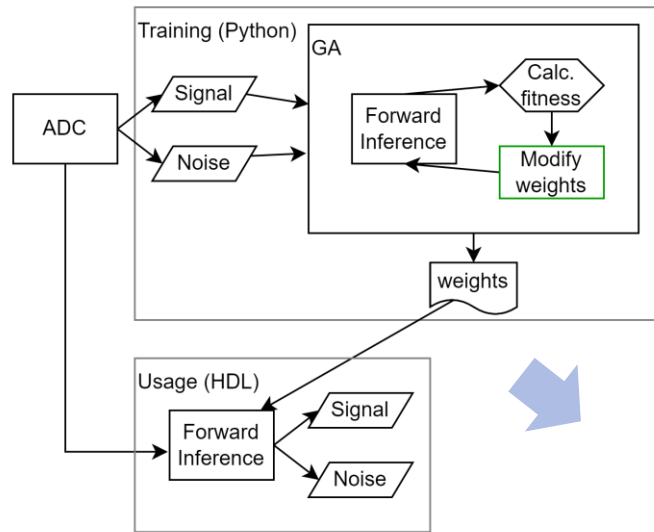
Crossbar Arrays

Oscillatory Neural Networks

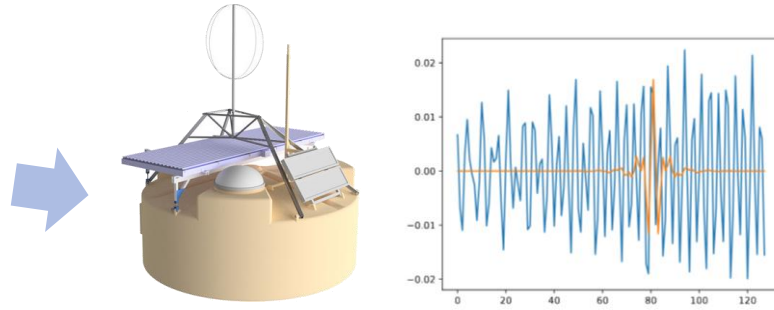
Edge AI Applications

S.Y. Nayaz, A. Ashok, et al., „Scalable 28nm IC implementation of coupled oscillator network featuring tunable topology and complexity“, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.10248>

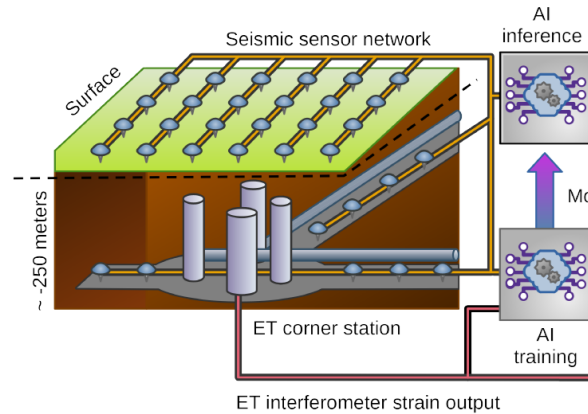
EDGE AI APPLICATIONS: REUSE OF OUR DEVELOPMENTS



Algorithm Development and On-Device Training



Online Feature Detection @ Pierre Auger Observatory



Online Noise Mitigation @ Einstein Telescope

Applications, demo'ing the potential of **Edge AI**, e.g. Einstein Telescope

Low-energy, low-latency use cases

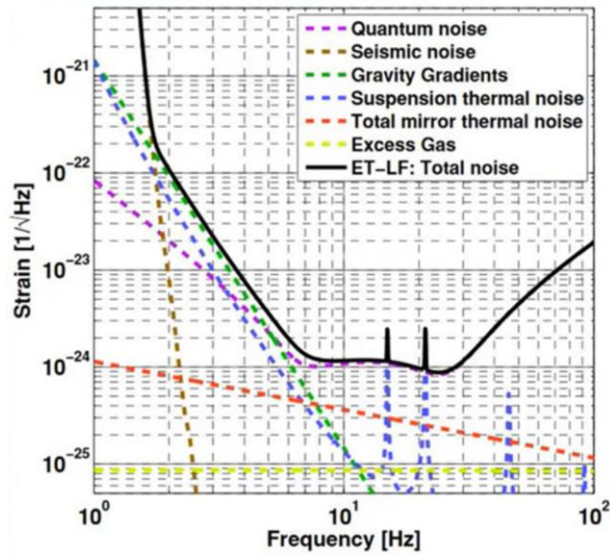
Goal: Systems with crossbars or ONNs
→ **Hardware Demonstrator**

Crossbar Arrays

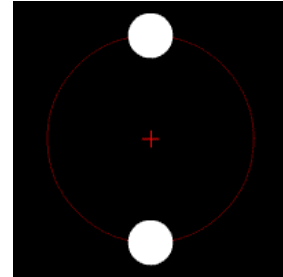
Oscillatory Neural Networks

Edge AI Applications

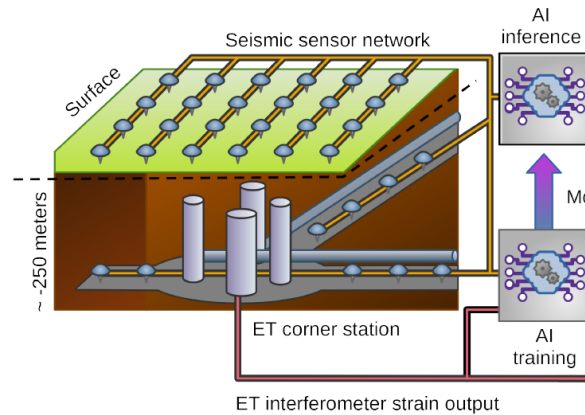
ONLINE NEWTONIAN NOISE PREDICTION FOR ET



Einstein Telescope Noise Impacts
 → Low-freq. dominated by seismic noise



Binary Star System
 When approaching:
 increasing frequency
 (src: [Wikimedia](#))



Seismic Sensor Network around Detector
 → Enable noise prediction based on AI

Multi-Messenger Observation

- Gravitational waves can predict collision
- → The earlier we get aware of an event, the more time we have to redirect other detectors

Goal: Online Newtonian Noise Mitigation

- Real-time readout and data processing of sensor network
- Complex transfer function for noise prediction
- Approach: FPGA-based Neural Networks

In collaboration with:  

Crossbar Arrays

Oscillatory Neural Networks

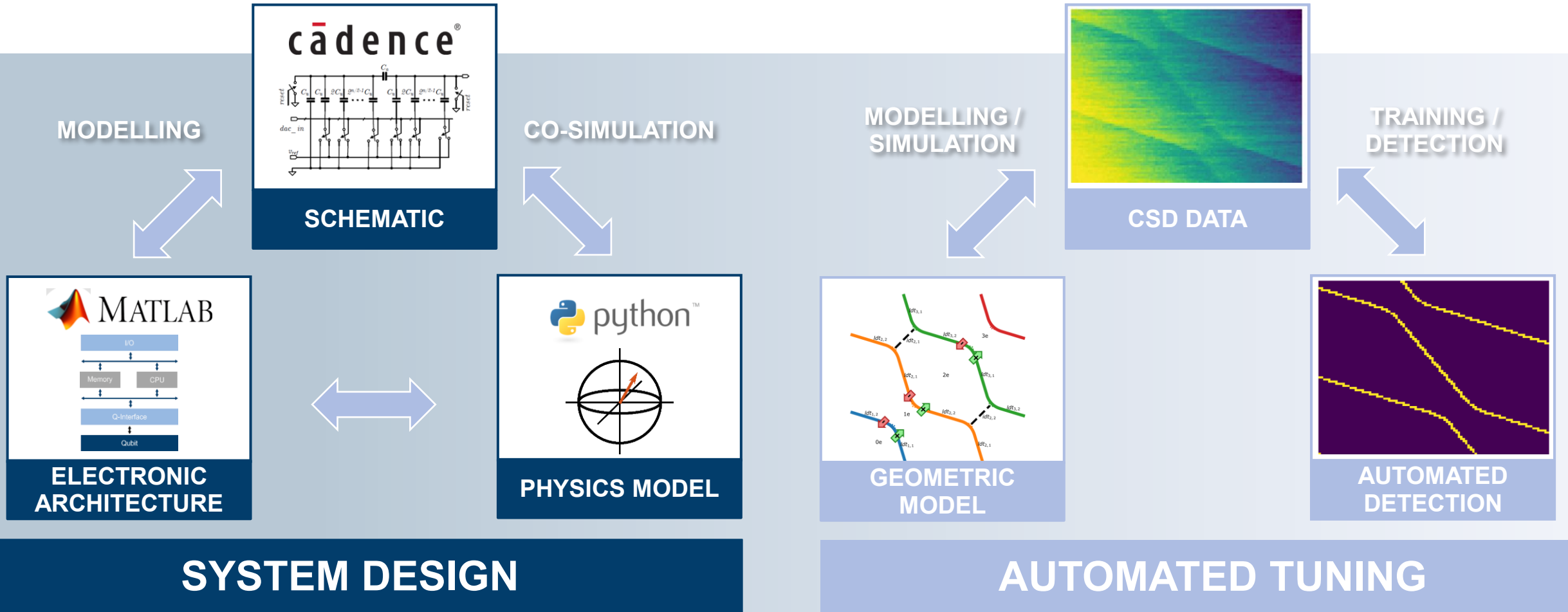
Edge AI Applications

INTEGRATION WITH CMOS ELECTRONICS

Benefit From Existing Infrastructure To Scale Up



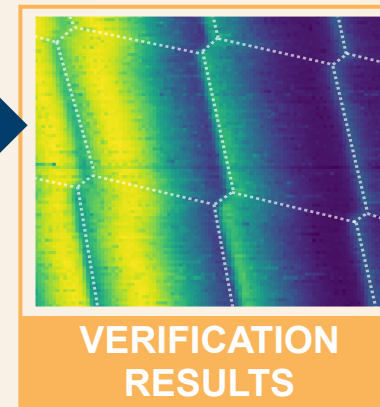
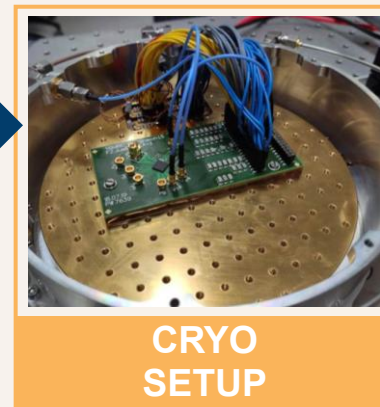
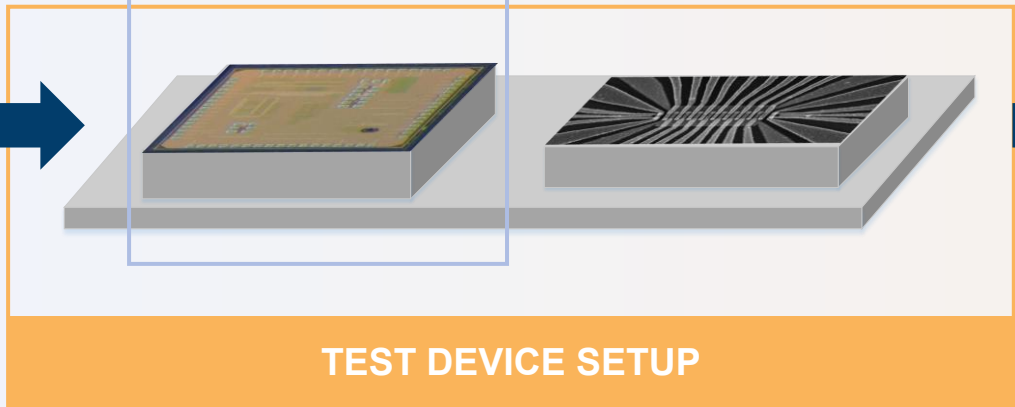
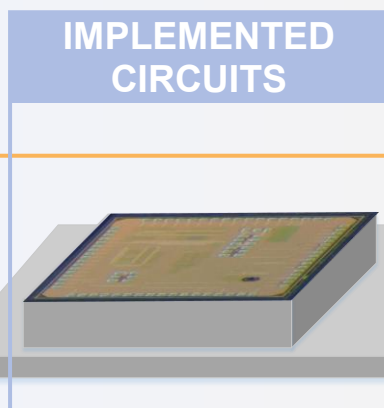
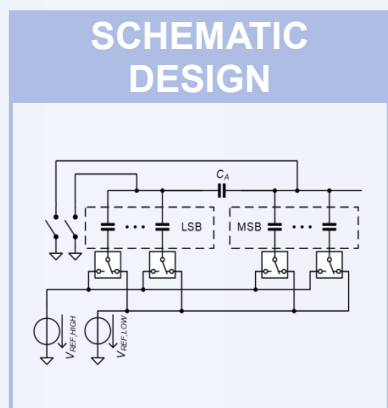
SYSTEM MODELLING, DESIGN AND ALGORITHMICS



CRYOGENIC CIRCUIT DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT



CRYOGENIC CIRCUIT DESIGN

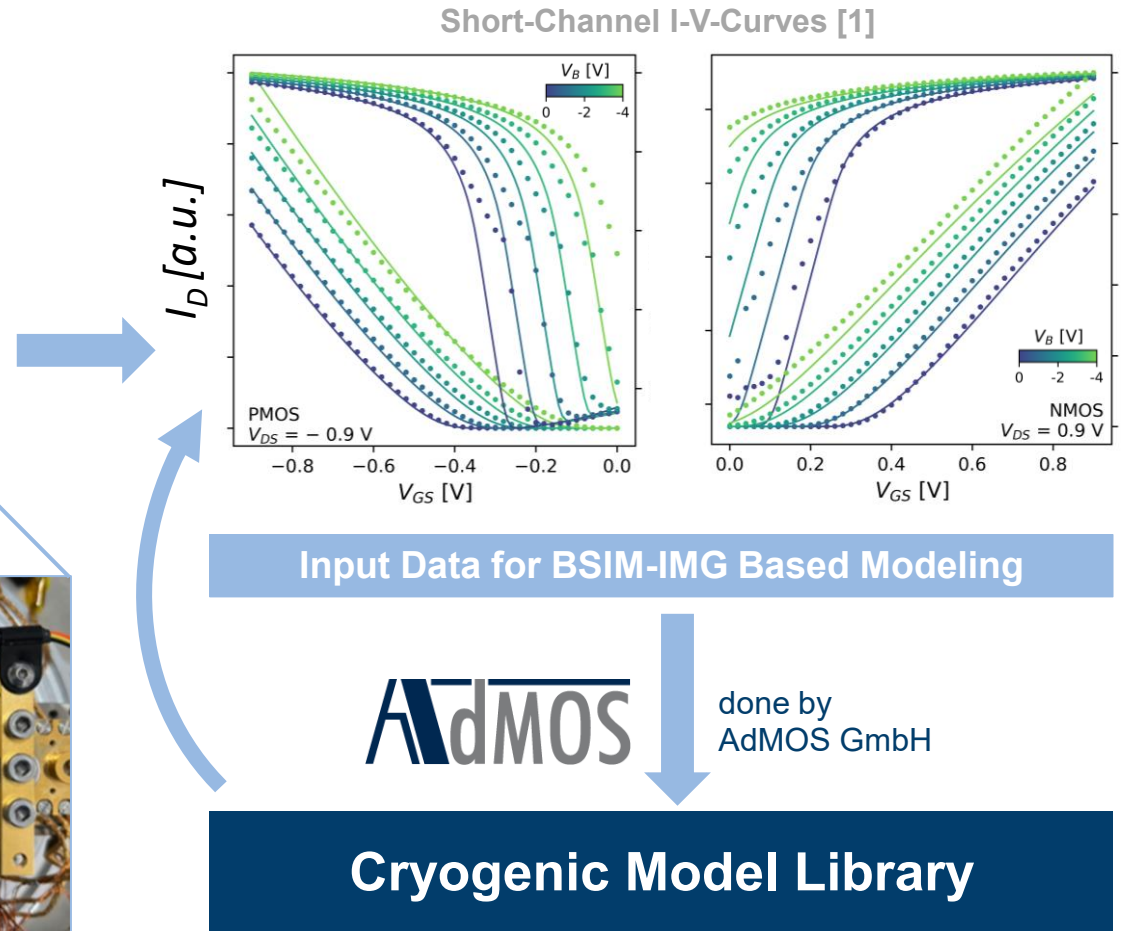
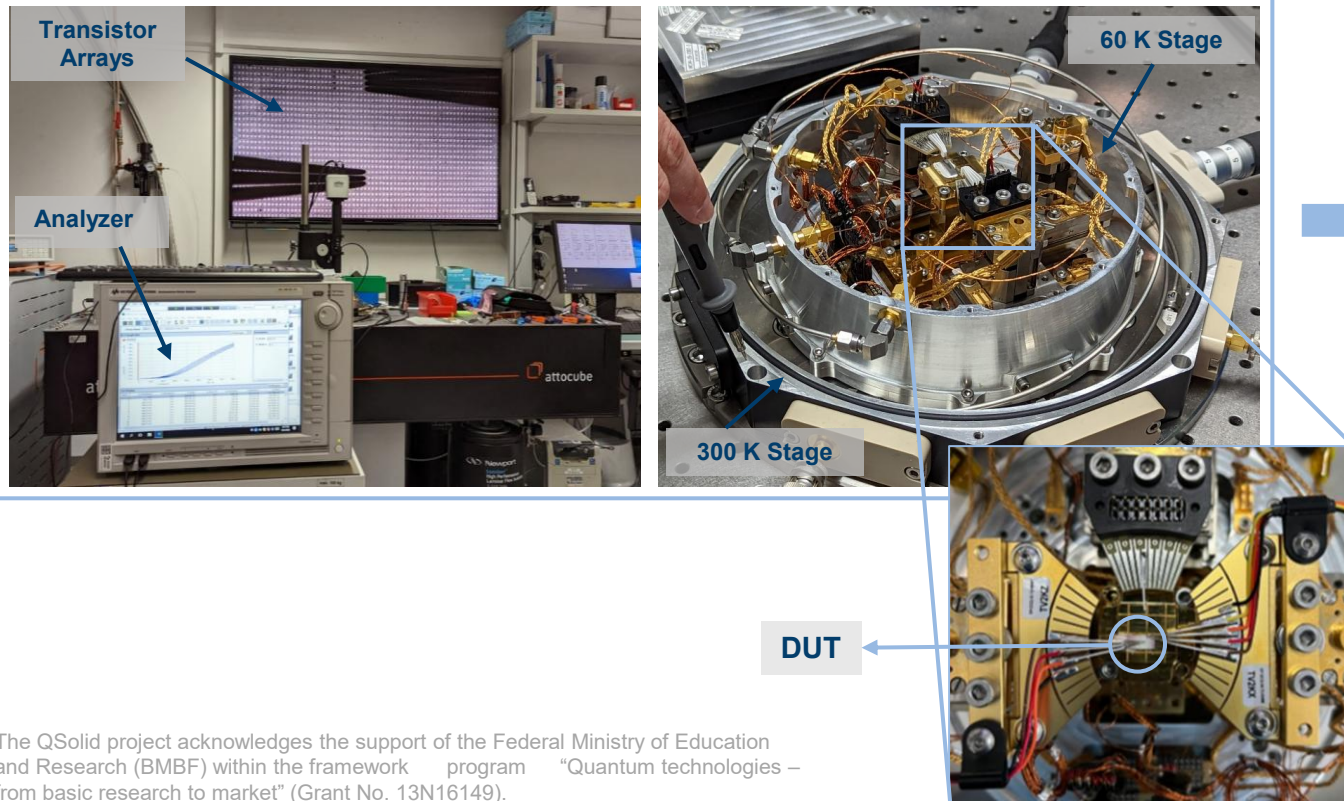


CRYOGENIC MEASUREMENTS

CRYOGENIC MEASUREMENTS

Inputs for a Cryo-PDK for 22 nm CMOS

Setup @ ICA | FZJ: $T_{\min} \sim 7\text{ K}$



The QSolid project acknowledges the support of the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF) within the framework program "Quantum technologies – from basic research to market" (Grant No. 13N16149).

SUMMARY

Integrated Computing Architectures

Semiconductors Enable Future Computing Architectures

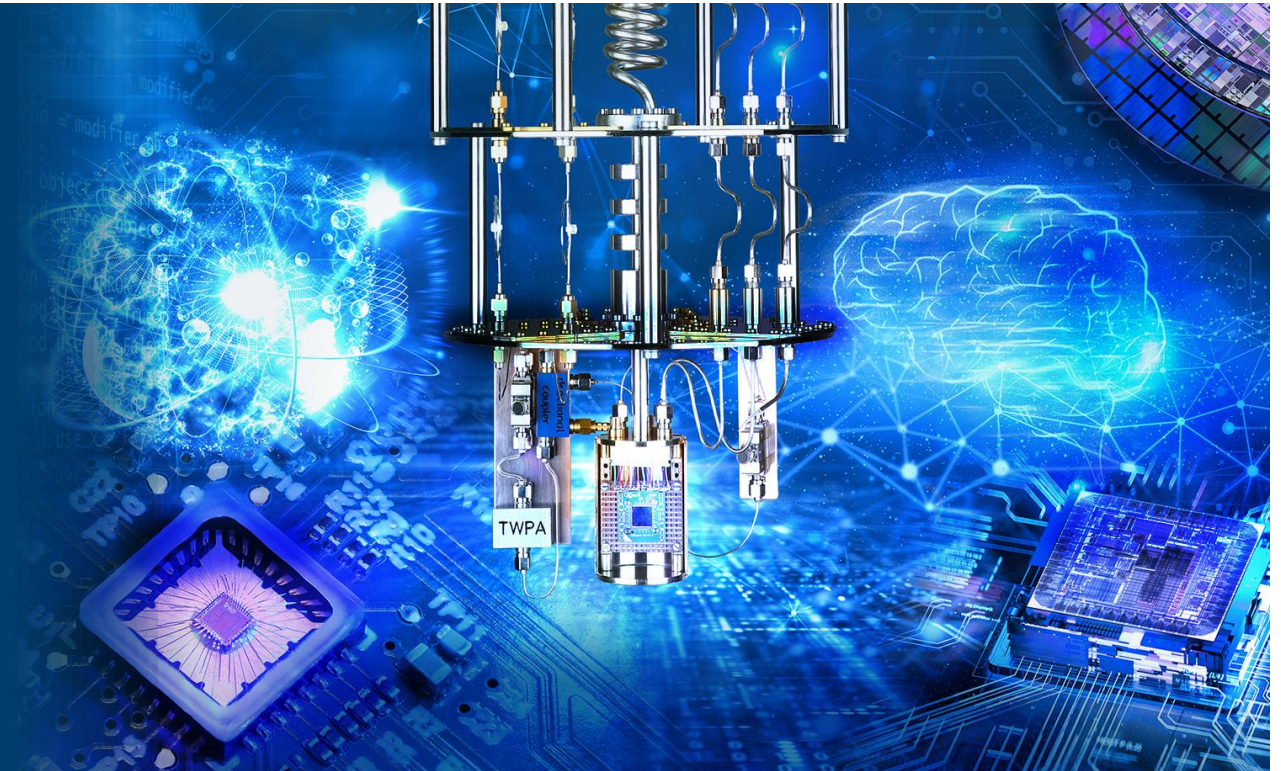
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