

Symbol bootstrap: from $N=4$ sYM to QCD

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18/09/2026 @ Bethe Forum, University of Bonn

w. Song He and Jiahao Liu 2605.28955;

w. Sergio Carrolo, Dmitry Chicherin, Johannes Henn and Yang Zhang

2510.20565, 2602.02783

universe+ is a cooperation of

State of the art Five-particle scattering at NNLO

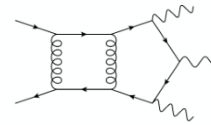
Dramatic progress for massless 5-particle scattering

Analytic results for all Feynman integrals

[Gehrmann, Henn, Lo Presti 2015;
Chicherin, Gehrmann, Henn, Lo Presti, Mitev, Wasser 2018;
Abreu, Page, Zeng 2018; Chicherin, Henn, Mitev 2018;
Abreu, Dixon, Herrmann, Page, Zeng 2018;
Chicherin, Gehrmann, Henn, Wasser, Zhang, **SZ** 2018]

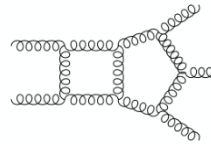
Analytic results for scattering amplitudes

3γ
planar



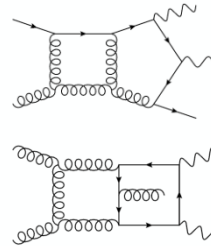
[Abreu, Page, Pascual, Sotnikov 2020;
Chawdhry, Czakon, Mitov, Poncelet 2021]

$3j$
planar



[Abreu, Febres-Cordero, Ita, Page, Sotnikov
2021; Badger, Brönnnum-Hansen, Bayu
Hartanto, Peraro, Moodie, **SZ**, to appear]

$2\gamma + j$
full
colour



[Agarwal, Buccioni, von Manteuffel,
Tancredi 2021 x2; Chawdhry, Czakon,
Mitov, Poncelet 2021]

[Badger, Brönnnum-Hansen, Chicherin,
Gehrmann, B. Hartanto, Henn, Marcoli,
Moodie, Peraro, **SZ** 2021]

Special function basis

[Gehrmann, Henn, Lo Presti '18; Chicherin, Sotnikov '20]

[see M. Marcoli's talk]

$pp \rightarrow 3\gamma$ [Kallweit, Sotnikov, Wiesemann 2020; Chawdhry, Czakon, Mitov, Poncelet 2020]

$d\sigma$ @NNLO QCD: $pp \rightarrow 2\gamma + j$ [Chawdhry, Czakon, Mitov, Poncelet 2021; Badger, Gehrmann, Marcoli, Moodie 2021]

$pp \rightarrow 3j$ [Czakon, Mitov, Poncelet 2021; Chen, Gehrmann, Glover, Huss, Marcoli 2022]

[slide from S. Zoia,
LoopFest 2022]

Perturbative Structure for QFT

$$\mathcal{A}_n^{(L)} = \sum_{w=0}^{2L} \sum_{ij} c_{ij}^{(w)} R_i^{(w)} \mathcal{I}_j^{(w)}.$$

Graded Transcendental function

rational numbers

Kinematic prefactors

Transcendental functions from Canonical Differential Equations (CDE)

- Challenges:
- Complicated **multivariate transcendental functions**
- Proliferation of **prefactors**
- For higher loops/multiplicity amplitudes, both conceptual and practical advances needed

Challenge: Proliferation of prefactors (1/2)

Challenge

- Rationality of integral coefficients in momenta

$$\mathcal{N}_i(\vec{p}) = \sum_{\vec{\alpha}} n_{i,\vec{\alpha}} \left(s_{12}^{\alpha_1} s_{23}^{\alpha_2} \dots \right), \quad \mathcal{D}_i(\vec{p}) = \sum_{\vec{\alpha}} d_{i,\vec{\alpha}} \left(s_{12}^{\alpha_1} s_{23}^{\alpha_2} \dots \right)$$

$$r_i(\vec{p}) = \frac{\mathcal{N}_i(\vec{p})}{\mathcal{D}_i(\vec{p})}, \quad s_{ij} = (p_i + p_j)^2$$

↪ linear in numerical coefficients $n_{i,\vec{\alpha}} \in \mathbb{Q}$

- Linear systems constructed from multiple numerical computations of $r_i(\vec{p})$

$$\vec{p} \rightarrow \{\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2, \dots\} \in \mathbb{Q}$$

↪ linear system for required coefficients $n_{i,\vec{\alpha}}$ and $d_{i,\vec{\alpha}}$

- Bottleneck:

- Run times
- Complexity of coefficients = number of unknowns $n_{i,\vec{\alpha}}$

Five-gluon amplitudes

[De Laurentis, Ita, Klinkert, Sotnikov '23]

Helicity remainder	dim(basis)	ansatz size
$R_{++++}^{(2),(2,0)}$	31	21,910
$R_{+++-}^{(2),(2,0)}$	54	54,148
$R_{++--}^{(2),(1,0)}$	274	163,635
$R_{+-++}^{(2),(1,0)}$	270	241,156
$R_{--++}^{(2),(1,0)}$	203	82,180
$R_{++++}^{(2),(1,1)}$	31	21,910
$R_{+++-}^{(2),(1,1)}$	54	54,148
$R_{++--}^{(2),(0,1)}$	226	118,880
$R_{+-++}^{(2),(0,1)}$	240	209,018
$R_{--++}^{(2),(0,1)}$	157	76,845
$R_{++++}^{(2),(-1,1)}$	25	5,320
$R_{+++-}^{(2),(-1,1)}$	35	9,384

[slide from H. Ita, LoopFest 2025]

Challenge: Proliferation of prefactors (2/2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 it[+] &= \left\{ R[1] \rightarrow -\frac{5}{2}, \right. \\
 R[2] &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{4 s_{12}^3 (s_{12} - s_{34} - s_{45})^3} \left(6 s_{12}^5 s_{15} + 15 s_{12}^4 s_{15}^2 + 10 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^3 + 6 s_{12}^5 s_{23} + 15 s_{12}^4 s_{23}^2 + 10 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^3 - 12 s_{12}^4 s_{15} s_{34} - 15 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^2 s_{34} - 18 s_{12}^4 s_{23} s_{34} - 45 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^2 s_{34} - 30 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^3 s_{34} + 6 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{34}^2 + 18 s_{12}^3 s_{23} s_{34}^2 + \right. \\
 &45 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 + 30 s_{12} s_{23}^3 s_{34}^2 - 6 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34}^3 - 15 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^3 - 10 s_{23}^3 s_{34}^3 - 18 s_{12}^4 s_{15} s_{45} - 45 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^2 s_{45} - 30 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^3 s_{45} - 12 s_{12}^4 s_{23} s_{45} - 15 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^2 s_{45} + 6 s_{12}^4 s_{34} s_{45} + 54 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{34} s_{45} + \\
 &60 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45} + 54 s_{12}^3 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} + 60 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} + 60 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{45} - 12 s_{12}^3 s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 36 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 72 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} - \\
 &60 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 75 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 30 s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{45} + 6 s_{12}^2 s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 30 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 18 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{45}^2 + 45 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{45}^2 + 30 s_{12} s_{15}^3 s_{45}^2 + 6 s_{12}^3 s_{23} s_{45}^2 - 12 s_{12}^3 s_{34} s_{45}^2 - \\
 &72 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{34} s_{45}^2 - 75 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^2 - 36 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 - 60 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 - 30 s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 + 27 s_{12}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 + 60 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 + 60 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 + 60 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 - \\
 &15 s_{12} s_{34}^3 s_{45}^2 - 30 s_{23} s_{34}^3 s_{45}^2 - 6 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{45}^3 - 15 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{45}^3 - 10 s_{15}^3 s_{45}^3 + 6 s_{12}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^3 + 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34} s_{45}^3 + 30 s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^3 - 15 s_{12} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^3 - 30 s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^3 + 10 s_{34}^3 s_{45}^3 - 6 s_{12}^4 s_{tr5} - \\
 &15 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12}^3 s_{23} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^2 s_{tr5} + 12 s_{12}^3 s_{34} s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{34} s_{tr5} + 30 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{tr5} + 10 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{tr5} + 20 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{tr5} - \\
 &6 s_{12}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} - 10 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} + 12 s_{12}^3 s_{45} s_{tr5} + 30 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 20 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 10 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 27 s_{12}^2 s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 35 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} - \\
 &35 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 20 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12} s_{34}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} + 20 s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} - 6 s_{12}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12} s_{15} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} - 10 s_{15}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12} s_{34} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} + 20 s_{15} s_{34} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} - 10 s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} \Big), \\
 R[4] &\rightarrow \frac{1}{6 s_{12}^3 s_{34}^3} \left(10 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^3 - 30 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^2 s_{23} + 30 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{23}^2 - 10 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^3 - 15 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^2 s_{34} + 30 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} - 15 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^2 s_{34} + 6 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{34}^2 - 6 s_{12}^3 s_{23} s_{34}^2 + 3 s_{12}^3 s_{34}^3 - 6 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34}^3 - \right. \\
 &15 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^3 - 10 s_{23}^3 s_{34}^3 - 30 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^3 s_{45} + 60 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{45} - 30 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{45} + 60 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45} - 60 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} - 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{45} - \\
 &36 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 60 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 30 s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{45} + 6 s_{12}^2 s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 30 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{15}^3 s_{45}^2 - 30 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{45}^2 - 75 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^2 + \\
 &30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 - 30 s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 + 60 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 + 60 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 - 15 s_{12} s_{34}^3 s_{45}^2 - 30 s_{23} s_{34}^3 s_{45}^2 - 10 s_{15}^3 s_{45}^3 + 30 s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^3 - 30 s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^3 + 10 s_{34}^3 s_{45}^3 - 10 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{tr5} + \\
 &20 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^2 s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{34} s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{tr5} + 10 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{tr5} - 6 s_{12}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} - 10 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} + 20 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} - \\
 &20 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 35 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 10 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 20 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12} s_{34}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} + 20 s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{15}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} + 20 s_{15} s_{34} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} - 10 s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} \Big), \\
 R[5] &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{s_{12}^3 s_{45}^3} \left(10 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^3 - 30 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^2 s_{23} + 30 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{23}^2 - 10 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^3 + 30 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} - 60 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34} + 30 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^3 s_{34} + 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 - 30 s_{12} s_{23}^3 s_{34}^2 + 10 s_{23}^3 s_{34}^3 + \right. \\
 &15 s_{12}^3 s_{15}^2 s_{45} - 30 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{23} s_{45} + 15 s_{12}^3 s_{23}^2 s_{45} + 60 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} + 30 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} - 60 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{45} - 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{45} - 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} + 75 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{45} + \\
 &30 s_{15} s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{45} - 30 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^3 s_{45} + 6 s_{12}^3 s_{15} s_{45}^2 - 6 s_{12}^3 s_{23} s_{45}^2 + 36 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 + 60 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 + 30 s_{15}^2 s_{23} s_{34} s_{45}^2 - 60 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 - 60 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 + 30 s_{23} s_{34}^3 s_{45}^2 + \\
 &6 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{45}^3 + 15 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{45}^3 + 10 s_{15}^3 s_{45}^3 - 6 s_{12}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^3 - 30 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34} s_{45}^3 - 30 s_{15}^2 s_{34} s_{45}^3 + 15 s_{12} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^3 + 30 s_{15} s_{34}^2 s_{45}^3 - 10 s_{34}^3 s_{45}^3 + 10 s_{12}^2 s_{15}^2 s_{tr5} - 20 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{23} s_{tr5} + \\
 &10 s_{12}^2 s_{23}^2 s_{tr5} + 20 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{tr5} - 20 s_{12} s_{23}^2 s_{34} s_{tr5} + 10 s_{23}^2 s_{34}^2 s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12}^2 s_{15} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 10 s_{12} s_{15}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12}^2 s_{23} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12} s_{15} s_{23} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 10 s_{12} s_{15} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} + \\
 &35 s_{12} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} + 20 s_{15} s_{23} s_{34} s_{45} s_{tr5} - 20 s_{23} s_{34}^2 s_{45} s_{tr5} + 6 s_{12}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} + 15 s_{12} s_{15} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} + 10 s_{15}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} - 15 s_{12} s_{34} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} - 20 s_{15} s_{34} s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} + 10 s_{34}^2 s_{45}^2 s_{tr5} \Big) \Big\}
 \end{aligned}$$

From Five-Parton NNLO amplitudes
[\[Abreu, Dormans, Febres Cordero, Ita, Page, Sotnikov, 19’\]](#)

Any understanding of analytic
structures for QCD amplitudes?

Planar N=4 sYM scattering amplitudes

In the past decades, scattering amplitudes in planar N=4 sYM have been well-explored

$$\mathcal{A}_n^{(L)} = \sum_{ij} c_{ij} R_i \mathcal{I}_j^{(2L)}.$$

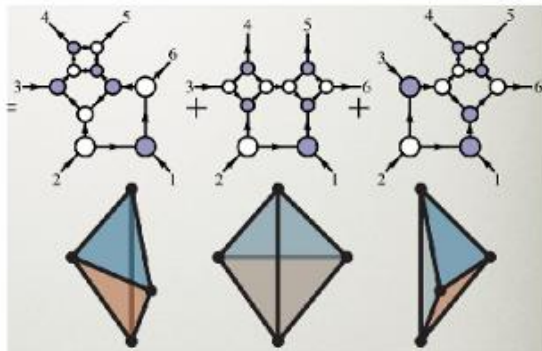
rational
numbers

Yangian-invariants

[0902.2987, Drummond, Henn, Plefka]

Transcendental functions

- Leading singularity classification for all loops and all multiplicity from Grassmannian geometry
- Carry supersymmetric dependence



- MPL functions in simplest cases; maximal weight
- Steinman/Cluster bootstrap for six- and seven-point amplitudes
- Symbol alphabet and symbology: cluster algebras / Geometric Landau analysis for general multiplicity
- Q-bar anomaly equations: two-loop MHV, eight- and nine-point NMHV amplitudes...
- Beyond-MPL: Elliptic symbology

Leading singularity & Grassmannian geometry

- 1.on-shell functions from gluing

$$R_{rst} = \text{Diagram} = \frac{\langle s-1 s \rangle \langle t-1 t \rangle \delta^{(4)}(\langle r | x_{ca} x_{ab} | \theta_{bc} \rangle + \langle r | x_{cb} x_{ba} | \theta_{ac} \rangle)}{x_{ab}^2 \langle r | x_{cb} x_{ba} | s-1 \rangle \langle r | x_{cb} x_{ba} | s \rangle \langle r | x_{ca} x_{ab} | t-1 \rangle \langle r | x_{ca} x_{ab} | t \rangle} \quad (2.2)$$

The diagram shows a square of four vertices. The top-left vertex is a grey circle labeled '0' with incoming lines from the left labeled 'r+1' and 'x_{c+1}', and outgoing lines to the top labeled 's-1' and 'x_a'. The top-right vertex is a grey circle labeled '0' with incoming lines from the top labeled 's' and 'x_a', and outgoing lines to the right labeled 't-1' and 'x_b'. The bottom-left vertex is a white circle with an incoming line from the bottom-left labeled 'r'. The bottom-right vertex is a grey circle labeled '0' with incoming lines from the bottom labeled 'r-1' and 'x_c', and outgoing lines to the right labeled 't' and 'x_b'. Dotted lines connect the top-left and top-right vertices, and the bottom-left and bottom-right vertices.

- 2.Stratification for cells of Grassmanian CW-complex/Solvable Yangian invariants [Arkani-Hamed, Bourjaily, Cachazo, Goncharov, Postnikov, Trnka,12']

$$f_{\sigma}^{(k)} = \oint_{C \in \Gamma_{\sigma}} \frac{d^{k \times n} C}{\text{vol}(GL(k))} \frac{\delta^{k \times 4}(C \cdot \tilde{\eta})}{(1 \cdots k) \cdots (n \cdots k-1)} \delta^{k \times 2}(C \cdot \tilde{\lambda}) \delta^{2 \times (n-k)}(\lambda \cdot C^{\perp}). \quad (8.2)$$

Transcendental functions: Bootstrap

- (Steinmann/cluster) bootstrap for scattering amplitudes/form factors : [Golden, Goncharov, Spradlin, Vergu, Volovich; Basso, Caron-Huot, Dixon, Drummond, Duhr, Dulat, Foster, Gürdoğan, Harrington, He, Henn, von Hippel, Jiang, J.Liu, Y.Liu, McLeod, Papathanasiou, Wilhelm...]
- Extremely powerful in calculating six-point (up to **eight loops**) and seven-point (up **five loops**) amplitudes in N=4 SYM theory

weight n	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
First entry	1	3	9	26	75	218	643	1929	5897	?	?	?	?	?
Steinmann	1	3	6	13	29	63	134	277	562	1117	2192	4263	8240	?
Ext. Stein.	1	3	6	13	26	51	98	184	340	613	1085	1887	3224	5431

Table 1: The dimensions of the hexagon, Steinmann hexagon, and extended Steinmann hexagon spaces at symbol level.

weight n	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
First entry	1	7	42	237	1288	6763	?	?
Steinmann	1	7	28	97	322	1030	3192	9570
Ext. Stein.	1	7	28	97	308	911	2555	6826

Table 2: The dimensions of the heptagon, Steinmann heptagon, and extended Steinmann heptagon spaces at symbol level.

Constraint	$L = 1$	$L = 2$	$L = 3$	$L = 4$	$L = 5$	$L = 6$
1. $\mathcal{H}_6$	6	27	105	372	1214	3692?
2. Symmetry	(2,4)	(7,16)	(22,56)	(66,190)	(197,602)	(567,1795?)
3. Final-entry	(1,1)	(4,3)	(11,6)	(30,16)	(85,39)	(236,102)
4. Collinear	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0*,0*)	(0*,2*)	(1*3,5*3)	(6*2,17*2)
5. LL MRK	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0*,0*)	(1*2,2*2)
6. NLL MRK	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0*,0*)	(1*,0*2)
7. NNLL MRK	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(1,0*)
8. N ³ LL MRK	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(1,0)
9. Full MRK	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(1,0)
10. T^1 OPE	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(1,0)
11. T^2 OPE	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)

- Ansatz from prediction (**Grassmannian geometry** & **symbol letters**) of the amplitudes → Physical/mathematical consistency condition the result should satisfy → unique allowed answer!
- **NO IBP needed anymore!**

Outline

- Bootstrapping four-point NMHV Form factors in $N=4$ sYM
- Bootstrapping (the maximal weight parts of) six-parton amplitudes in QCD
Example: --++++ helicity sector at two loops, pure YM

- Discussions about the result

Generalized principle of maximal transcendentality

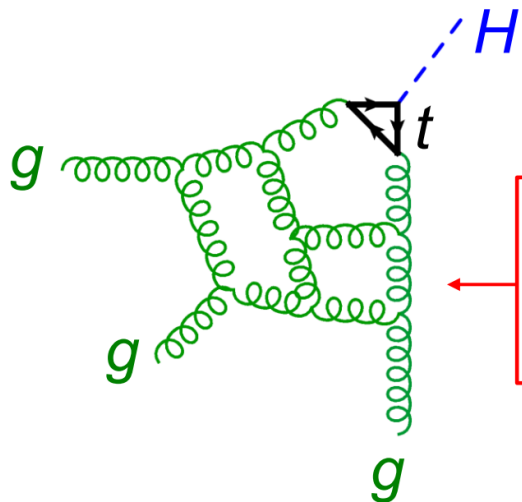
Bootstrapping Four-Point NMHV Form factor in $N=4$ sYM

Form factors in N=4 sYM vs Higgs production

“Goldilocks Process” $\sim gg \rightarrow Hg$

QCD state of art is now
three loops @ large N_c
(not counting top quark loop)

Chen, Guan, Mistlberger, 2504.06490

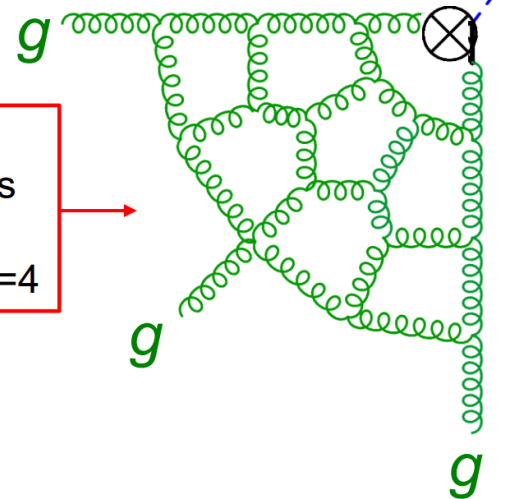


L. Dixon 8 loop form factors...

Can get to **eight** loops – in **analog**
process: 3-point form factor of
 $\text{tr} \phi^2$ operator in **planar N=4 SYM**

LD, Ö. Gürdoğan, A. McLeod, M. Wilhelm
2012.12286, 2112.06243, 2204.11901

$$\mathcal{O}_2 = \text{tr} \phi^2 \text{ or } \text{tr} F_{SD \mu\nu} F_{SD}^{\mu\nu}$$



Leading weight $2L$
transcendental parts
match between
QCD $\leftrightarrow$ planar N=4

Bayreuth 15 April 2026

- **Maximal weight principle**
between form factor and
effective Higgs-gluon
amplitudes [Brandhuber,
Travaglini, Yang, 12’]

4

Form Factor bootstrap and C2 alphabet

$$u = \frac{s_{12}}{s_{123}}, \quad v = \frac{s_{23}}{s_{123}}, \quad w = \frac{s_{31}}{s_{123}}.$$

When $n=3$, its alphabet contains 6 elements (C2 alphabet)

$$u + v + w = 1$$

$$\mathcal{S}_3 = \{u, v, w, 1 - u, 1 - v, 1 - w\}.$$

First entries conditions, Extended Steinmann-like conditions etc.

$$\hat{u}(u, v, w) = \frac{vw}{(1-v)(1-w)},$$

$$\hat{v}(u, v, w) = \frac{uw}{(1-u)(1-w)},$$

Has been determined up to 8 loops [2012.12286,2204.11901]

$$\hat{w}(u, v, w) = \frac{uv}{(1-u)(1-v)}.$$

Antipodal symmetry:

On the parity even surface, 6pt MHV amplitudes and 3pt form factor satisfy

$$F_3^{(L)}(u, v, w) = S \left(A_6^{(L)}(\hat{u}, \hat{v}, \hat{w}) \right) \Big|_{\hat{u}_i \rightarrow \hat{u}_i(u, v, w)} \quad S(x_1 \otimes x_2 \otimes \cdots \otimes x_m) = (-1)^m x_m \otimes \cdots \otimes x_2 \otimes x_1$$

8-loop Form Factor result → 8-loop 6-point MHV amplitude.

Four-point NMHV form factor

- We calculate form factor at four points two loops via bootstrap strategy

$$\mathcal{F}_n(p_i, q, \eta_i) := \int d^4x d^4\theta^+ e^{-i(qx + \theta^+ \gamma)} \langle \Omega_n | \mathcal{T}(x, \theta^+) | 0 \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{T}(x, \theta^+) = \text{Tr}(\phi(x)^2) + \cdots + (\theta^+)^4 \mathcal{L}(x)$$

- We expand the supersymmetric observable by its Grassmann degree

$$\mathcal{F}_4 = \mathcal{F}_{4,0} + \mathcal{F}_{4,1} + \mathcal{F}_{4,2}, \quad \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F}_{4,k} \text{ has Grassmann degree } 4k + 8. \\ \mathcal{F}_{4,0} \text{ is known up to four loops} \end{array}$$

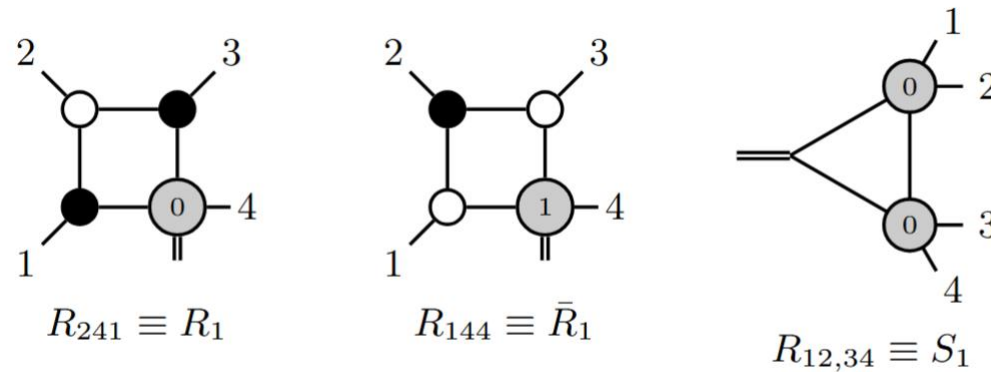
- Subtraction: $\mathcal{F}_{4,1} = \mathcal{F}_{4,0} \mathcal{R}_4.$

$$\mathcal{R}_4^{(2)} = \sum_{ij} c_{ij} R_i \mathcal{I}_j^{(4)}.$$

Ratio function: IR and UV finite function

Dihedral Ansatz: (susy) prefactors

- At one loop, the prefactors are calculated from 4D generalized unitarity [\[Bork 13'; Bianchi, Brandhuber, Panerai, Travaglini, 18'\]](#)



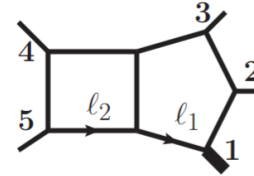
- Our conjecture: these prefactors are enough for all-loop NMHV four-point form factors!

$$\mathcal{R}_4^{(L)} = \sum_{i=1}^4 \left(R_i f_i^{(L)} + \bar{R}_i \bar{f}_i^{(L)} \right) + \sum_{i=1}^2 S_i f_{s,i}^{(L)} .$$

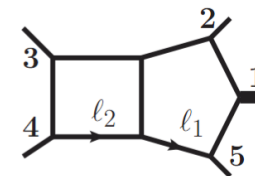
Dihedral Ansatz: transcendental function basis

- We use the one-mass two-loop pentagon functions as the basis for transcendental functions [\[S.Abreu et al, 2306.15431\]](#)
- Calculated from Canonical Differential equations

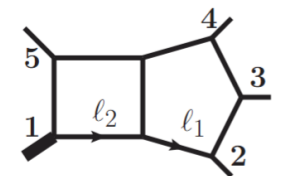
- In total, there are 989 independent master integrals



(a) PBmzz

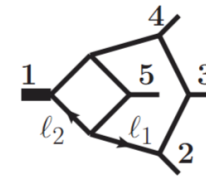


(b) PBzmz

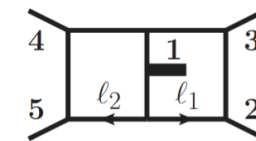


(c) PBzzz

- We only need finite combinations



(d) HBzzz



(e) DPzz

- 638 unknowns left for each functions (1914 unknowns in the whole ansatz.)

Fixing the ansatz

$$\mathcal{R}_4^{(2)} = \sum_{ij} \boxed{c_{ij}} \boxed{R_i} \boxed{\mathcal{I}_j^{(4)}}.$$

1914 Coefficients (to be fixed) **Independent prefactors (from one-loop input)** **Master integral basis (from one-mass pentagon CDE input)**

- We impose the parity, symmetry spurious-pole cancellation and multi-collinear limit, fix the ansatz uniquely
- We check our result by soft, double-soft, directional dual conformal symmetry, etc.

TABLE I: Numbers of unknowns left under successive bootstrap constraints.

Condition	Unknowns left
Galois and parity	605
Dihedral symmetry	308
Spurious-pole cancellation	88
Collinear limit $p_4 p_3$	7
Triple-collinear $p_4 p_3 p_2$	0
Soft limit	0
Double-soft	0

Result at three loops via symbol bootstrap

Important observation: two-loop four-point NMHV form factor has 78 letters, all falls in the 88-letter alphabet that previously found for MHV form factors up to four loops

- Prefactors: from one-loop input
- Transcendental functions: from symbol letter input
- In total, there are **163809** symbols at three loops
- We need almost the same set of physical conditions to fix the three-loop result!

Condition	unknowns left
ES-satisfied integrable symbols	54603×3
Galois, parity, and dihedral symmetry	22241
Spurious-pole cancellation and well-defined multi-collinear limits	318
Eliminate redundancy of the ansatz	60
Explicit collinear limit	21
Explicit triple-collinear limit	0
Explicit soft and double-soft limits (check)	0
Directional dual conformal invariance (check)	0

Bootstrapping Six-gluon QCD amplitudes

Planar Six-Parton Scattering Amplitudes

- We calculate QCD helicity scattering amplitudes in leading color approximation under dim-reg from bootstrap strategy

$$\mathcal{A}(1_g, 2_g, 3_g, 4_g, 5_g, 6_g)|_{\text{leading order}} = \sum_{\sigma} \text{Tr}(T^{a_{\sigma(1)}} \dots T^{a_{\sigma(6)}}) \times A(\sigma(1)_g, \dots, \sigma(6)_g)$$

- We keep the leading term in the large limit of number of color and number of flavors, while keeping their ratio fixed

$$A_6^{(2)} = A_6^{(2),0} + \frac{N_f}{N_c} A_6^{(2),1} + \left(\frac{N_f}{N_c}\right)^2 A_6^{(2),2}$$

- Subtraction:
$$I_n^{(1)} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{-s_{i,i+1}}{\mu^2} \right)^{-\epsilon}$$

$$H^{(1)} = A^{(1)} - I^{(1)} A^{(0)},$$

$$H^{(2)} = A^{(2)} - I^{(1)} A^{(1)} - I^{(2)} A^{(0)},$$

Leading singularities and prefactors at maximally-transcendental weight

Maximally-transcendental weight part

$$\mathcal{A}_n^{(L)} = \sum_{w=0}^{2L} \sum_{ij} c_{ij}^{(w)} R_i^{(w)} \mathcal{I}_j^{(w)} .$$

Only focus on $w=2L$ in this talk

- **At maximally-transcendental weight part**, prefactors (**Leading singularity**) are related to **maximal residues of the integrand**! [Henn, Torres Bobadilla,21']

$$\mathcal{A}^{(L)} = \int \omega^{(L)} .$$

integrand

$$\mathcal{I}_i^{(L)} = \sum_j b_{ij} \prod_{k=1}^{4L} d \log \alpha_{ijk} .$$

dlog-form
integrand basis

$$\omega^{(L)} = \sum_{i=1}^m c_i \mathcal{I}_i^{(L)} + \dots .$$

Maximal weight
part + double-
pole part in ...

$$\mathcal{P} \left(\omega^{(L)} \right) = \sum_{i=1}^m c_i \mathcal{I}_i^{(L)} .$$

**Maximal weight
projection**

“Principle of Maximal Transcendentality”

- Kotikov, Lipatov et al noticed that the *,most complicated terms‘* in terms in QCD twist-two anomalous dimensions were the same as in maximally supersymmetric Yang-Mills. The argument is that gluons give the relevant dominant contribution to the BFKL equation.
[Kotikov, Lipatov, Nucl. Phys. B 661 19 (2003)]
[Kotikov, Lipatov, Onishchenko, Velizhanin, Phys. Lett. B 595, 521 (2004)]
- Similar observations hold for certain form factors and anomalous dimensions; but already one-loop, $+-+-$ helicity amplitudes have a richer structure.
[Gehrmann, JM, Huber, 1112.4524, JHEP 03 (2012)] [Dixon, 1712.07274, JHEP 01 (2018)]
- This corresponds to keeping the leading transcendental terms in QCD amplitudes only. In this talk, I show how to fix those *,most complicated terms‘* for two-loop QCD amplitudes, working in the planar limit.

[slide from J.Henn, New Frontiers in Quantum Field and Gravity, 26]

On-shell diagrams and leading singularity

- All non-trivial leading singularities are calculated by **on-shell diagrams** from gluing tree-level amplitudes
- Non-trivial prefactors come from box diagrams with **cycle in its loop**

$$= \frac{\langle 14 \rangle^4 \langle 23 \rangle^4}{\langle 12 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle \langle 34 \rangle \langle 14 \rangle \langle 13 \rangle^4}$$

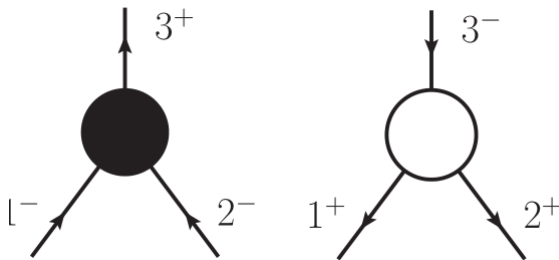
$$= \frac{\langle 12 \rangle^4 \langle 34 \rangle^4}{\langle 12 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle \langle 34 \rangle \langle 14 \rangle \langle 13 \rangle^4}$$

All one-loop prefactors at maximal weight part!

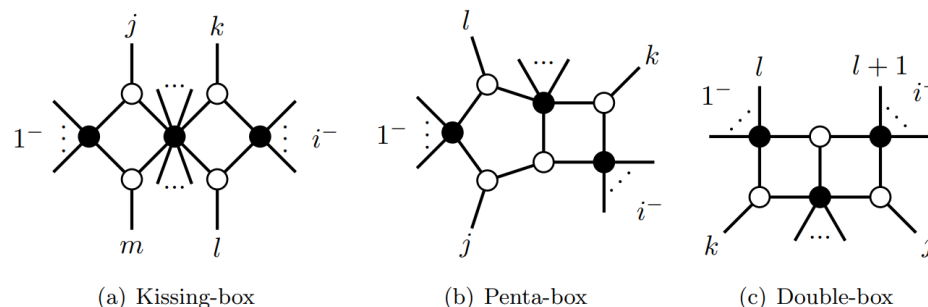
$$\text{PT}_{n,ij} \times \left(\left(\frac{\langle ik \rangle \langle jl \rangle}{\langle kl \rangle \langle ij \rangle} \right)^4 + \left(\frac{\langle il \rangle \langle jk \rangle}{\langle kl \rangle \langle ij \rangle} \right)^4 \right), \quad 1 \leq i < k < j < l \leq n$$

- **Conformal invariants** under action of $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \lambda_{\alpha}^i \partial \tilde{\lambda}_{\dot{\alpha}}^i}$

[Witten 03';Henn, Power, Zoia, 19']



- At two loops, we summarize all non-trivial two-loop pure YM MHV on-shell diagrams as three types (Also applicable to general QCD MHV amplitudes!):



- Naturally simplified by spinor-helicity variables in this calculation!

$$\begin{aligned} R[1] &\rightarrow -\frac{5}{2}, \\ R[2] &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 12^3 \cdot (s12 - s34 - s45)^3} \cdot (6 \cdot s12^5 \cdot s15 + 5 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s15^2 + 10 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^3 + 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 + 5 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s23^2 + 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 - 12 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 - 15 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s34 - 18 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 - 45 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34 - 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34 + 6 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^2 + 18 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \\ &\quad + 45 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 + 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 - 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34^2 - 10 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 - 18 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s15 \cdot s45 - 45 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s45 - 12 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s23 \cdot s45 - 15 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s45 + 6 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 54 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - \\ &\quad 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 54 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 + 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 + 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 12 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - 36 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - 72 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - \\ &\quad 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - 75 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 + 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s34^3 \cdot s45 + 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^3 \cdot s45 - 18 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s45^2 + 45 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45^2 - 6 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s45^2 - 12 \cdot s12^4 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 - \\ &\quad 72 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 - 75 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 - 36 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 - 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 - 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 + 27 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 + 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 + 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 - 60 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 - \\ &\quad 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 - 30 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s45^3 - 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45^3 - 6 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s45^3 + 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^3 - 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^3 - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^3 + 10 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^3 - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot trs - \\ &\quad 6 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^2 \cdot trs + 12 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s34 \cdot trs + 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot trs + 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot trs + 20 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34 \cdot trs - \\ &\quad 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s34^2 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 \cdot trs - 12 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s45 \cdot trs + 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s45 \cdot trs + 10 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 27 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 35 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - \\ &\quad 35 \cdot s12 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 20 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs + 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 20 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs + 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs - 20 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs), \\ R[4] &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{6 \cdot 12^4 \cdot s45^3} \cdot (10 \cdot s12^5 \cdot s15^3 - 10 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 - 30 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s23^2 - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s34 + 30 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34 + 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^2 - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 + 3 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s34^3 - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^3 - \\ &\quad 15 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^3 - 10 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^3 - 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45 - 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s23 \cdot s45 + 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 - \\ &\quad 36 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 + 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s34^3 \cdot s45 + 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^3 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^3 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s45^2 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s45^2 - 75 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45^2 - \\ &\quad 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45^2 - 30 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45^2 + 60 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45^2 - 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 - 10 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45^3 - 30 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^3 - 30 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^3 - 60 \cdot s15 \cdot s34^3 \cdot s45^3 - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot trs + \\ &\quad 20 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^2 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot trs + 10 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34 \cdot trs - 6 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s34^2 \cdot trs - 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 \cdot trs - 20 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - \\ &\quad 20 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 35 \cdot s12 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s12 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 20 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 \cdot s45 \cdot trs + 15 \cdot s12 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 \cdot trs + 20 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 \cdot s45 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs - 20 \cdot s15 \cdot s34 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs - 10 \cdot s34^4 \cdot s45^2 \cdot trs), \\ R[5] &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{s12^2 \cdot s45^3} \cdot (10 \cdot s12^5 \cdot s15^3 - 30 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 + 30 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s23^2 - 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 - 30 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s34 - 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 - 60 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s15^3 \cdot s23 \cdot s34 + 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23 \cdot s34^2 - 30 \cdot s12 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s23^2 \cdot s34^2 + 10 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^3 \cdot s34^2 + \\ &\quad 15 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15^2 \cdot s45 - 30 \cdot s12^3 \cdot s15 \cdot s23 \cdot s45 - 15 \cdot s12^2 \cdot s23^2 \$$

Conformal invariance!

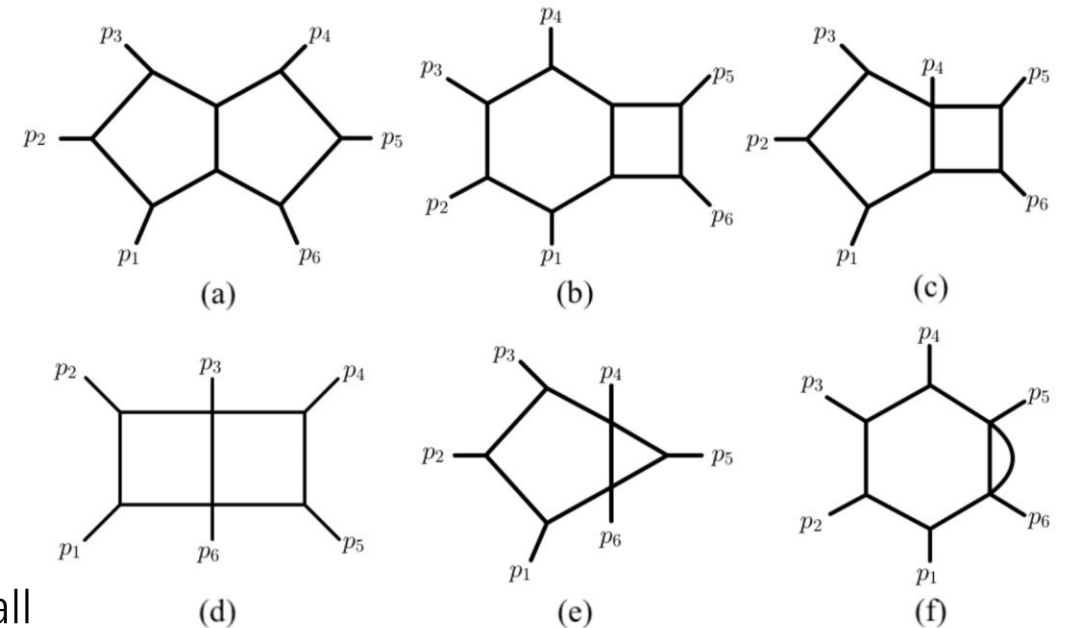
$$\left\{ 1, -\frac{(-2 \text{ab}[1, 3] \times \text{ab}[2, 4] + \text{ab}[1, 2] \times \text{ab}[3, 4]) (10 \text{ab}[1, 3]^2 \text{ab}[2, 4]^2 - 10 \text{ab}[1, 2] \times \text{ab}[1, 3] \times \text{ab}[2, 4] \times \text{ab}[3, 4] + \text{ab}[1, 2]^2 \text{ab}[3, 4]^2)}{\text{ab}[1, 2]^3 \text{ab}[3, 4]^3}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(-2 \text{ab}[1, 3] \times \text{ab}[2, 5] + \text{ab}[1, 2] \times \text{ab}[3, 5]) (10 \text{ab}[1, 3]^2 \text{ab}[2, 5]^2 - 10 \text{ab}[1, 2] \times \text{ab}[1, 3] \times \text{ab}[2, 5] \times \text{ab}[3, 5] + \text{ab}[1, 2]^2 \text{ab}[3, 5]^2)}{\text{ab}[1, 2]^3 \text{ab}[3, 5]^3}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(-2 \text{ab}[1, 4] \times \text{ab}[2, 5] + \text{ab}[1, 2] \times \text{ab}[4, 5]) (10 \text{ab}[1, 4]^2 \text{ab}[2, 5]^2 - 10 \text{ab}[1, 2] \times \text{ab}[1, 4] \times \text{ab}[2, 5] \times \text{ab}[4, 5] + \text{ab}[1, 2]^2 \text{ab}[4, 5]^2)}{\text{ab}[1, 2]^3 \text{ab}[4, 5]^3} \right\}$$

Hexagon functions at two loops [Abreu, Monni, Page, Usovitsch, 24'; Henn, Matijašić, Miczajka, Peraro, Xu, Zhang, 25']

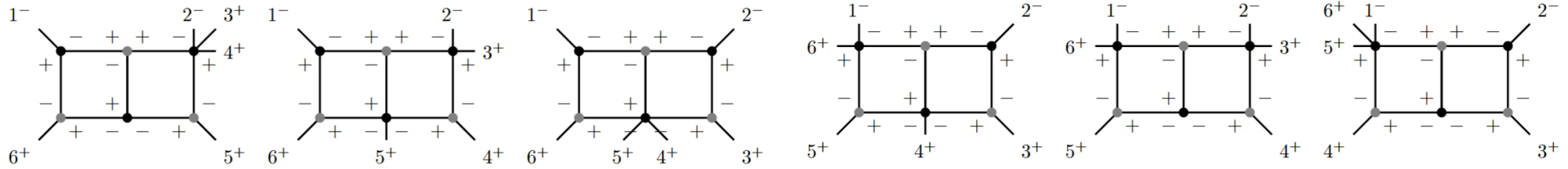
- **Two-loop massless scattering processes with six particles**, State-of-art for Feynman integral calculation
- Up to weight four, **hexagon function space** can be constructed
- **dlog-iterative integrals (4D external legs)**

Transcendental weight	1	2	3	4
# All symbols	9	62	319	945
# Two-loop six-point symbols	9	62	266	639
# Two-loop five-point one-mass symbols	9	59	263	594
# One-loop squared symbols	9	59	221	428
# Genuine two-loop six-point symbols	0	0	3	45

Basis for all planar six-point two-loop observables, at maximal weight, symbol level



A bootstrap example: pure YM amplitudes with $--++++(1/2)$



- In this sector, there are **7 linear-independent leading singularities** from on-shell diagrams and **945 hexagon functions (at symbol level)** from CDE

$$H_6^{(2)} = \sum_{i=1}^7 \sum_{j=1}^{945} c_{i,j} R_i \mathcal{I}_j^{(2)}$$

Coefficients (to be fixed)
Independent prefactors (from unitarity input)
Master integral basis (from CDE input)

$$R_1 = \frac{\langle 12 \rangle^4}{\langle 12 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle \langle 34 \rangle \langle 45 \rangle \langle 56 \rangle \langle 61 \rangle}$$

$$R_{i,j}/R_1 = -1 + 12u_{i,j} - 30u_{i,j}^2 + 20u_{i,j}^3$$

$$u_{i,j} := \langle 1i \rangle \langle 2j \rangle / (\langle 12 \rangle \langle ij \rangle)$$

- 2412** genuine unknown coefficients by reflection symmetry and ruling out unnecessary products of one-loop functions

A bootstrap example: pure YM amplitudes with --++++(2/2)

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{YM}}^{(2)} = R_1 G_1 + \sum_{2 < i < j \leq 6} R_{i,j} G_{i,j} \, .$$

We impose cancellations of spurious poles, as well as consistency with soft and collinear limits.

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{array} \text{---} \bigcirc \mathcal{A}_6 \begin{array}{c} p_6 \\ p_5 \\ p_4 \end{array} \xrightarrow{p_6 || p_5} \left(\begin{array}{c} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{array} \text{---} \bigcirc \mathcal{A}_5 \begin{array}{c} p \\ p_4 \end{array} \right) \times p \text{---} \bigcirc Sp \begin{array}{c} p_5 \\ p_6 \end{array} . \\ & \begin{array}{c} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{array} \text{---} \bigcirc \mathcal{A}_6 \begin{array}{c} p_6 \\ p_5 \\ p_4 \end{array} \xrightarrow{p_4 || p_5 || p_6} \left(\begin{array}{c} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{array} \text{---} \bigcirc \mathcal{A}_4 \begin{array}{c} p \\ p_3 \end{array} \right) \times p \text{---} \bigcirc Sp \begin{array}{c} p_4 \\ p_5 \\ p_6 \end{array} . \end{aligned}$$

The answer is fixed uniquely!

Similar calculations are performed for other two MHV helicity sectors, as well as Nf terms of gluonic amplitudes in QCD

Table I. Two-loop bootstrap constraints for $\mathcal{H}_{\text{YM}}^{(2)}$	
Condition on $\mathcal{H}_{\text{YM}}^{(2)}$	No. of constraints
dimensionless symbols G	996
no spurious/high-order poles	
$\langle 36 \rangle = 0$	333
$\langle 35 \rangle = 0$	614
$\langle 34 \rangle = 0$	629
$\langle 45 \rangle = 0$	343
collinear limit $p_5 p_6$	
--++++	1785
+---++	1307
++--++	1785
+++--+	1646
-++++-	1646
triple collinear limit $p_4 p_5 p_6$	
--++++	1836
++--++	724
Total	2412

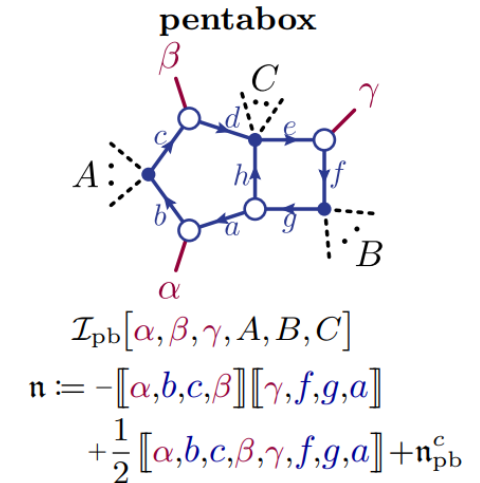
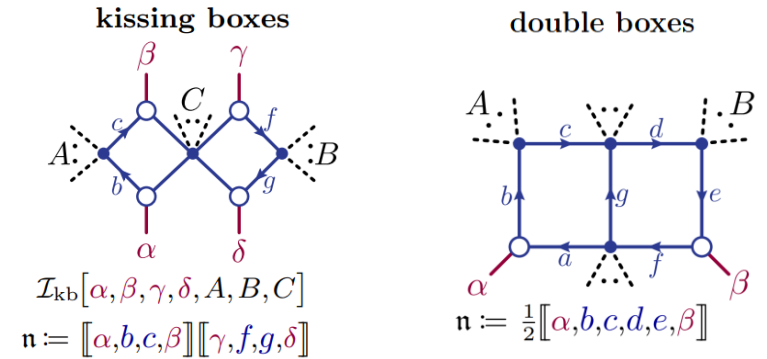
Maximal transcendentality principle & prescriptive unitarity (1/3)

- In the bootstrap result, we find a same set of integrals appear in different helicity sectors
- Prescriptive unitarity** approach! [Bourjaily,Herrmann,Trnka]

$$H_{--++++}^{(2)} = \text{PT}_{6,12} f_0 + \sum_{2 < i < j \leq 6} R_{12,ij1}^{(2),\text{db}} I_{6,ij1}^{\text{db}}, \quad (6.4)$$

$$H_{-+--++}^{(2)} = \text{PT}_{6,13} g_0 + R_{13,24}^{(1)} g_{2,4} + R_{13,25}^{(1)} g_{2,5} + R_{13,26}^{(1)} g_{2,6} \\ + \sum_{\substack{l=1,2 \\ 3 < j < k \leq 6}} R_{13,jkl}^{(2),\text{db}} I_{6,jkl}^{\text{db}} + \sum_{\{j,k,l\} \in \sigma_1} R_{13,jkl}^{(2),\text{pb}} (I_{6,jkl}^{\text{pb}} + I_{6,jlk}^{\text{pb}}), \quad (6.5)$$

$$H_{-++--+}^{(2)} = \text{PT}_{6,14} h_0 + R_{14,25}^{(1)} h_{2,5} + R_{14,26}^{(1)} h_{2,6} + R_{14,35}^{(1)} h_{3,5} + R_{14,36}^{(1)} h_{3,6} \\ + R_{14,2356}^{(2),\text{kb}} I_{6,2356}^{\text{kb}} + \sum_{1 \leq l \leq 3} R_{14,56l}^{(2),\text{db}} I_{6,56l}^{\text{db}} + \sum_{4 \leq l \leq 6} R_{41,23l}^{(2),\text{db}} I_{6,23l}^{\text{db}} \\ + \sum_{\{j,k,l\} \in \sigma_2} R_{14,jkl}^{(2),\text{pb}} (I_{6,jkl}^{\text{pb}} + I_{6,jlk}^{\text{pb}}), \quad (6.9)$$



[Bourjaily, Herrmann, Langer, McLeod, Trnka, 19']

Analytic structure at ALL multiplicity for two-loop MHV amplitudes!

Maximal transcendentality principle & prescriptive unitarity (2/3)

- In the bootstrap result, if we replace all prefactors by 1 or 0 directly, we recover the six-point two-loop hard function for $\mathcal{N}=4$ sYM

$$H_{h_1 \dots h_6}^{(2)} \xrightarrow[R^{(2), \text{db} \rightarrow 0}]{\text{PT}, R^{(1)}, R^{(2), \text{pb}}, R^{(2), \text{kb}} \rightarrow 1} \left(H_6^{(2)} \right)^{\mathcal{N}=4 \text{ sYM}}. \quad (6.21)$$

- For different helicity sectors, essentially, pure YM and $\mathcal{N}=4$ sYM are formed by the same set of function basis, but with differential coefficients

Generalization of the principle of maximal transcendentality!

Maximal transcendentality principle & prescriptive unitarity (3/3)

- We also see the correspondence between four-point form factor and Effective Higgs-four-gluon amplitudes [\[De Laurentis, Ita, Kuschke, Ruf, Sotnikov, 26'\]](#)

$$\mathcal{H}_{++++}^{(L)} = \mathcal{H}_{++++}^{(0)} F_4^{(L)}, \quad L = 1, 2.$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{--++}^{(2)} = \mathcal{H}_{--++}^{(0)} F_4^{(2)} + R_{\text{db},H} f_{\text{db},1}^{(2)} + \overline{R}_{\text{db},H} f_{\text{db},2}^{(2)}.$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{+++-}^{(1)} = \sum_{i=1}^4 \tilde{R}_i f_{+,i}^{(1)} + \sum_{i=1}^2 \tilde{S}_i f_{s,i}^{(1)} + \tilde{R}_5 \tilde{f}_5^{(1)}, \quad \mathcal{H}_{+++-}^{(2)} \Big|_{\text{alg}} = \tilde{S}_1 f_{s,1}^{(2)} + \tilde{S}_2 f_{s,2}^{(2)},$$

Summary

- Two key simplification in our cases are
 1. Symbol bootstrap based on function basis instead of IBP reducing the integrand
 2. Leading singularities classified by calculation from on-shell methods
(Nice properties for prefactors are always expected at maximal transcendental weight part)
- How to determine the prefactors at lower weight parts & rational terms?
- Uplifting to function level, which allows us to explore various properties (positivity, complete monotonicity [\[Henn, Raman\]](#) ..)

Thanks!