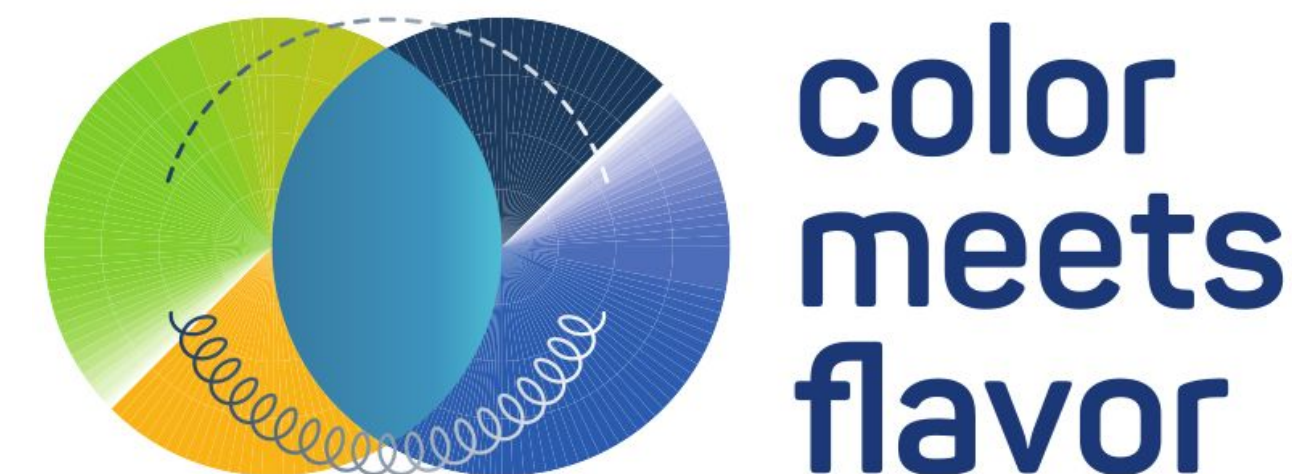


CmF infrastructure: InCyTe

Interdisciplinary Research Center for Nanoanalytics, Nanochemistry and **Cy**ber-physical Sensor **Te**chnologies

Markus Cristinziani

TA1 kick-off meeting
November 14th, 2025



Core facility of the School of Science & Technology

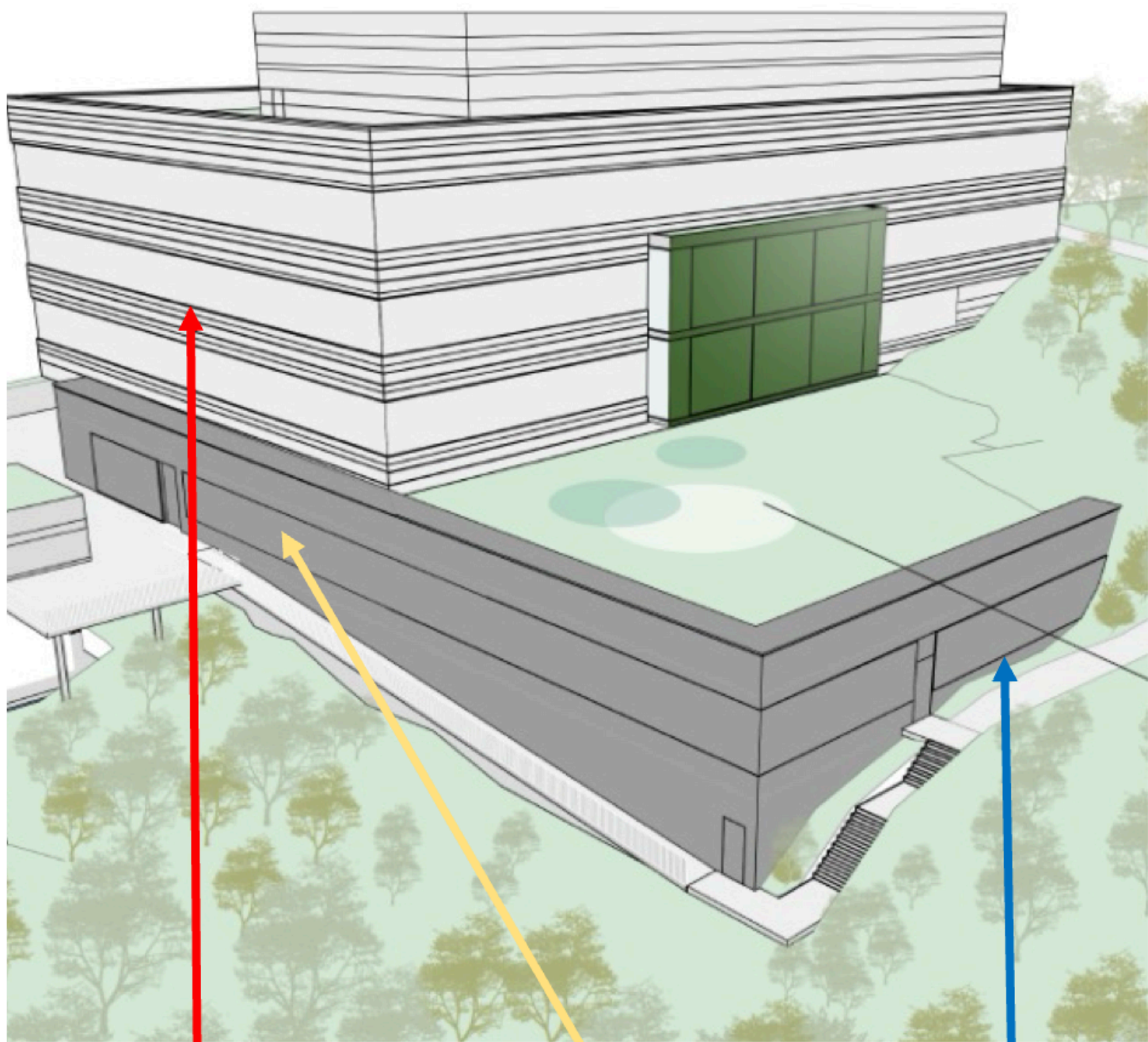






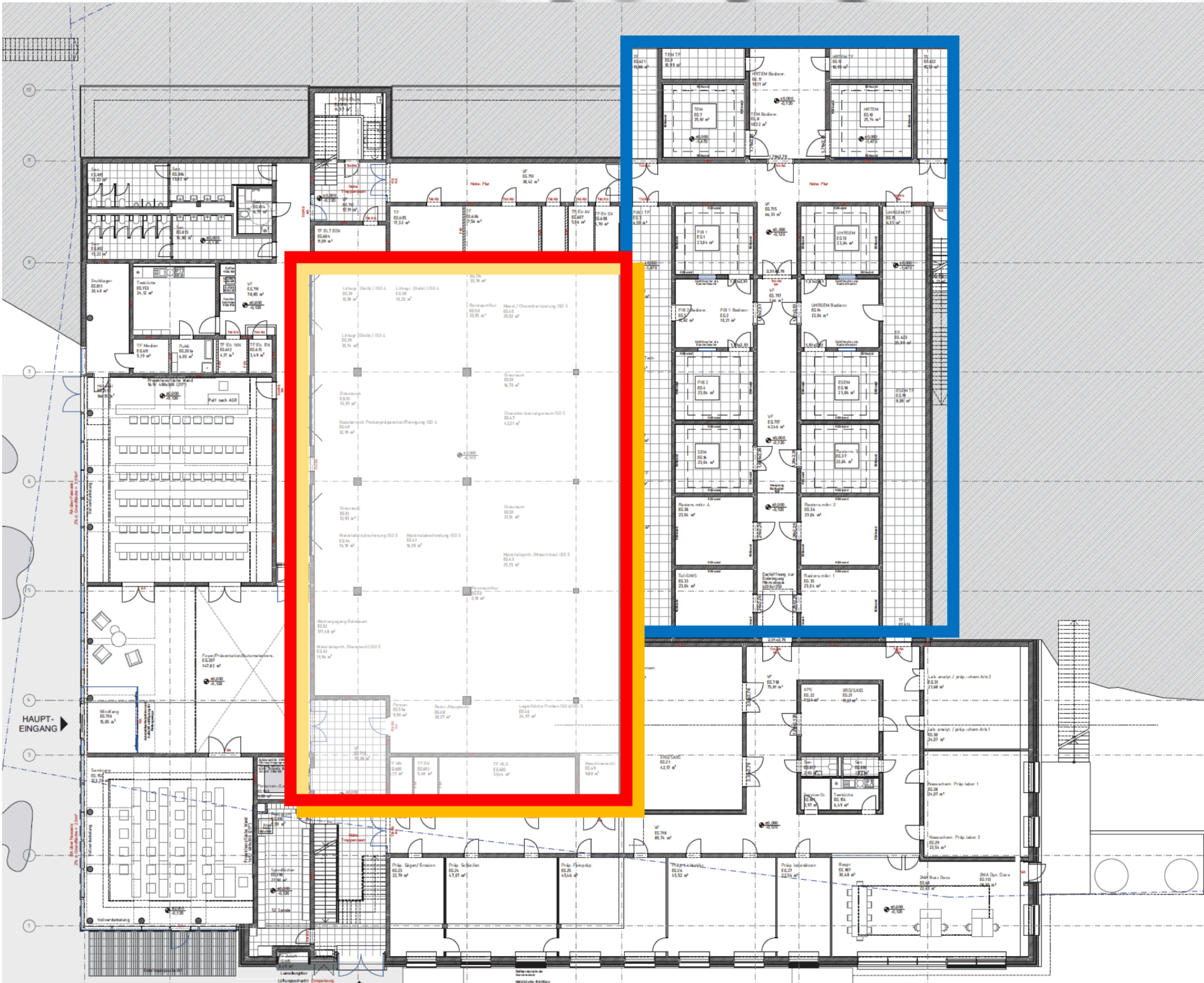
since Aug 2025 solving issues with BLB before official handover

R&D infrastructure and synergy center



Biochem. Labs

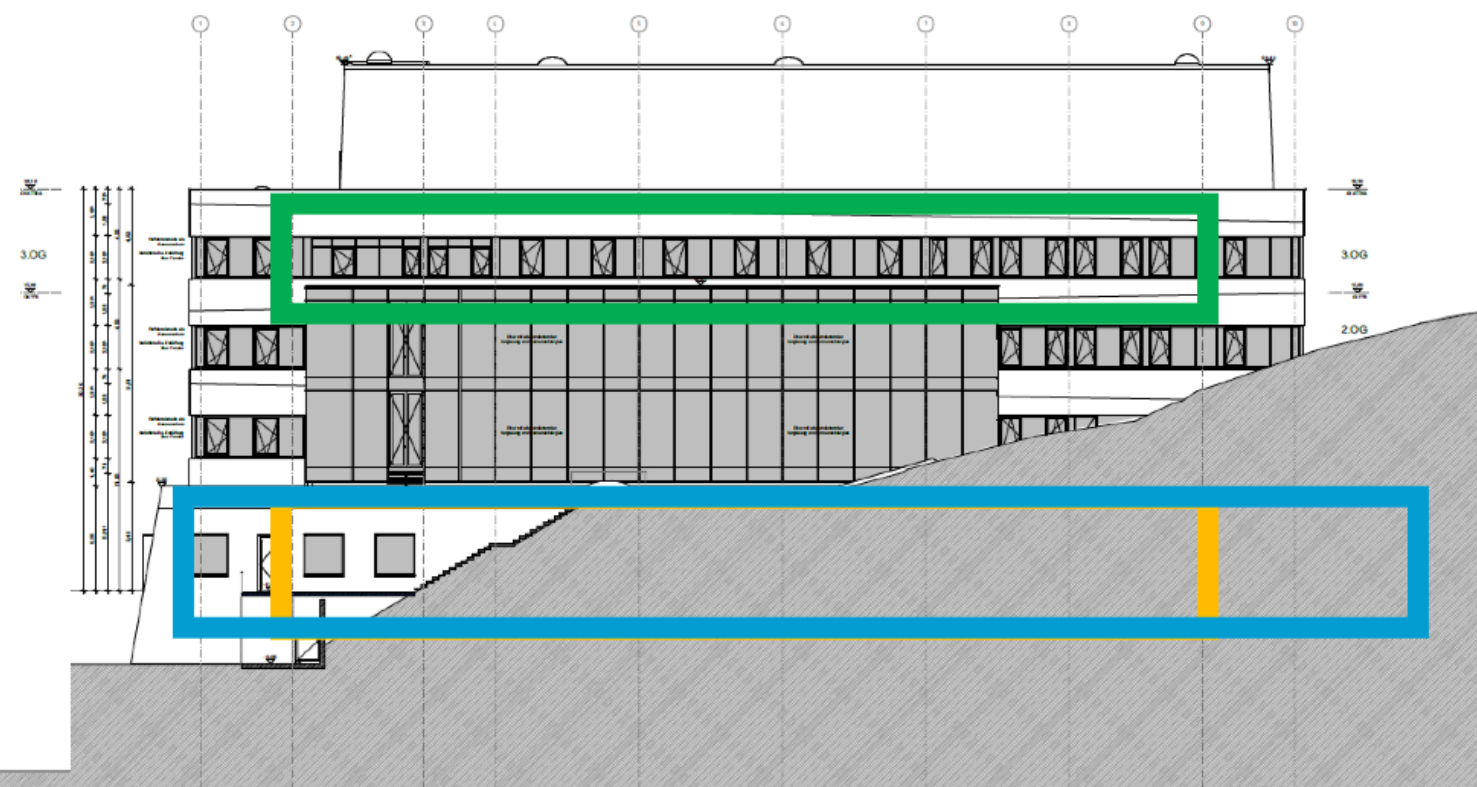
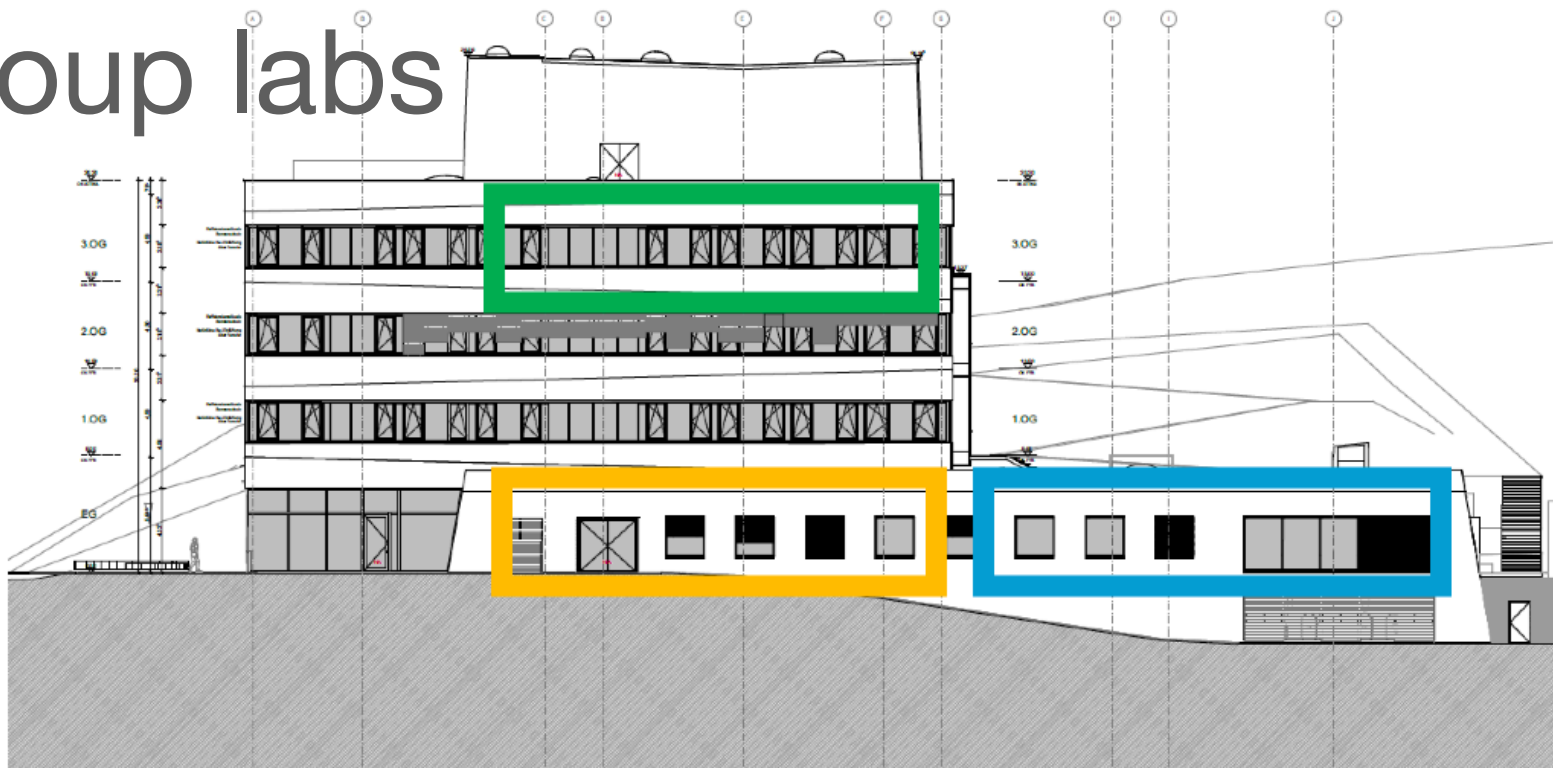
Clean room
Nanoanalytics



R&D infrastructure and synergy center

5.500 m²

- 600 m² ISO4, 600 m² S2/S1 labs
- 7 EM-labs
- 300 m² analytics, 300 m² sample prep.
- group labs



Nanochemistry and Medicine
600m² S2 Biochem. Labs



Nanotechnology
(600m² ISO4 Clean room)



DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft
NRW-Pilot line Heterogeneous
Sensor Integration **granted**

proposed
Core Facilities"

Biotech

Cμ

Advanced
Materials

mnaF
SIEGEN

Intelligent
Sensors

ZESS

Nanoanalytics
(1100m² HRTEM, FIB, ...)



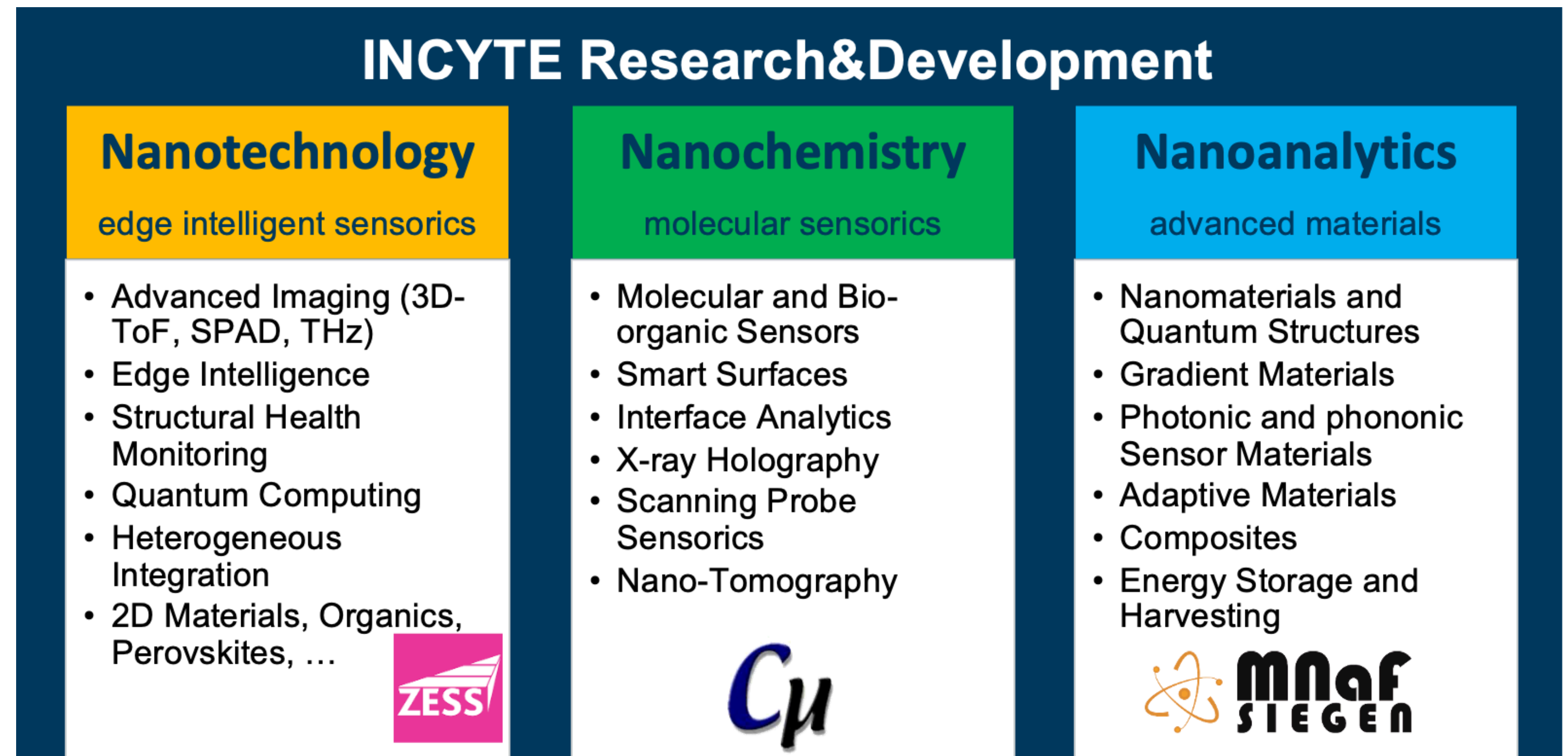
DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft
„Gerätezentren – Core Facilities“
granted

mnaF
SIEGEN

Research at INCYTE

More than 25 groups from departments of School of Science and Technology

- Electrical engineering
- Mechanical engineering
- Chemistry
- Physics
- Computer science



Nanoanalytics facility

Light Microscopy

Raster Elektron Mikroskopie (SEM)

Focused Ion Beam

Transmission Electron Microscopy

LM

REM

FIB

TEM

AC-TEM

Aberration-Corrected TEM



1 mm

1 μ m

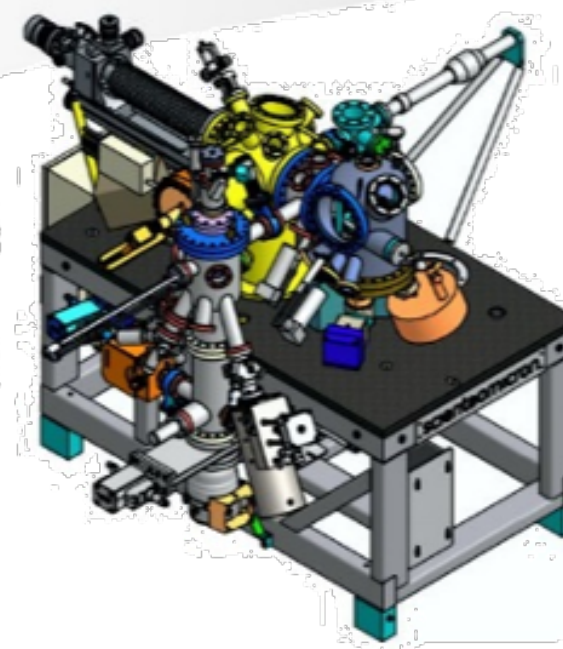
1 nm

1 Å



XRD
2x

μ CT (ab 2020)
nanoCT über DESY



STM/AFM



XPS



SIMS

APT
FAU Erlanger

Secondary Ion
Mass Spectrometry

Atom Probe Tomography

X-ray Diffraction

Microcomputed Tomography

Scanning Tunneling / Atomic Force Microscopy

X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy

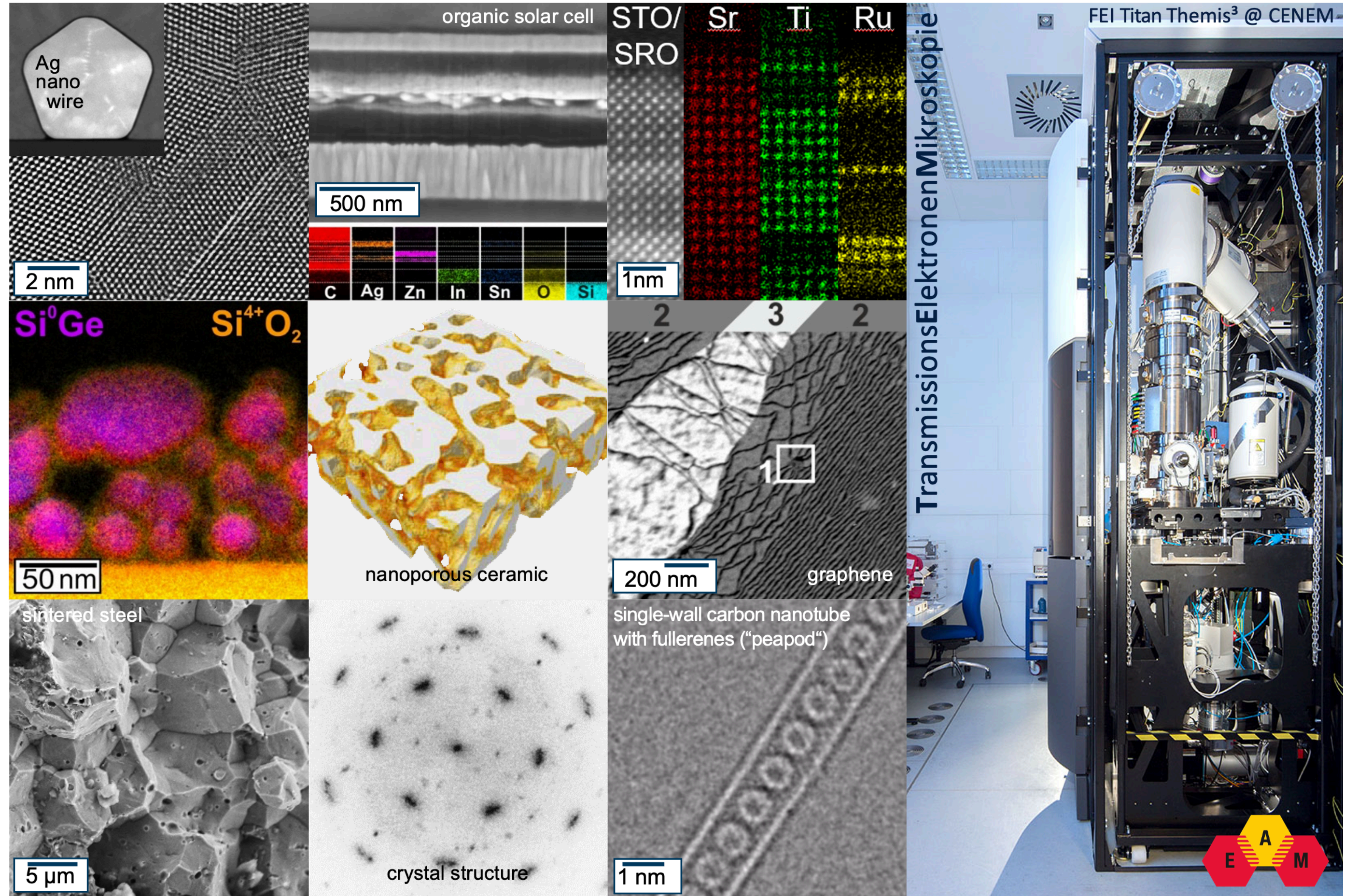
Nanoanalytics

Methods
portfolio

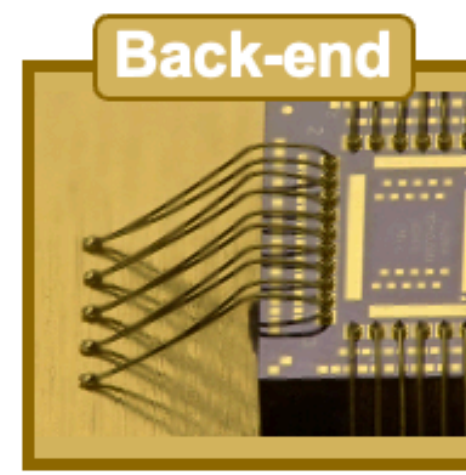
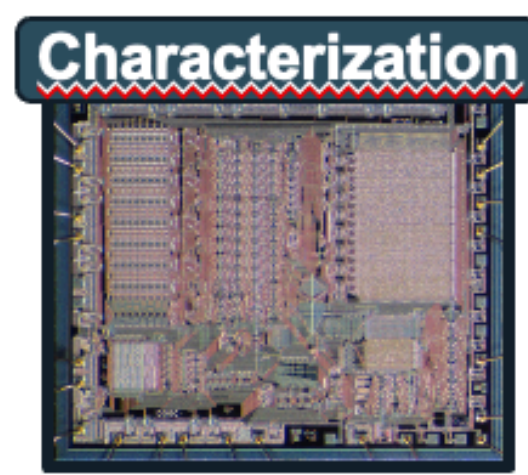
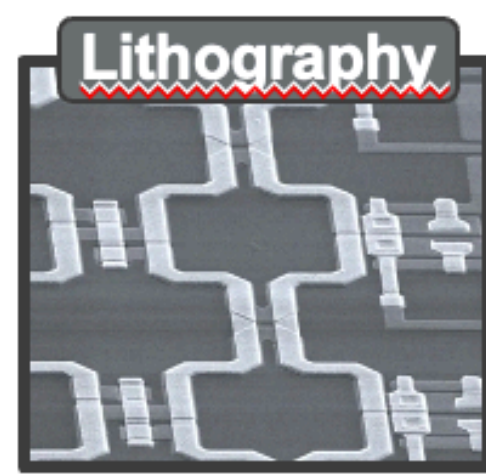
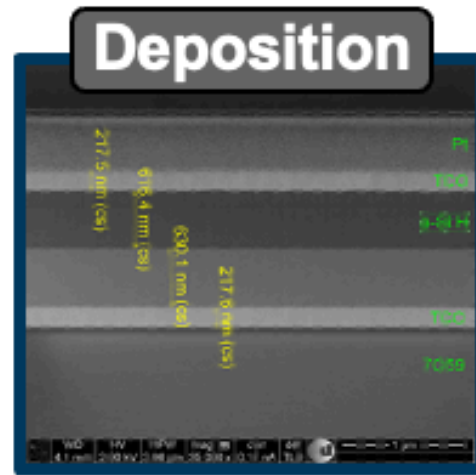
Materials/
device research
+

Methods
developments

Adv Energy Mater '20 JACS '14 Energy
Env Sci '18 Nanoscale '15 Nat Phys '15 ACS
Photonics '19 Nature '14 Adv Energy Mater
'13 Acta Mater '15



Cleanroom Nanofacility



Process chain

Wet bench



3x PVD



eBeam Litho



Prober station



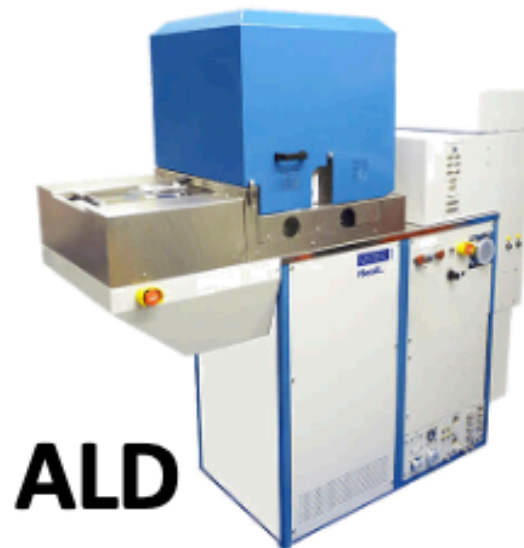
**3D
Nanoprint**



Laser litho



RIE

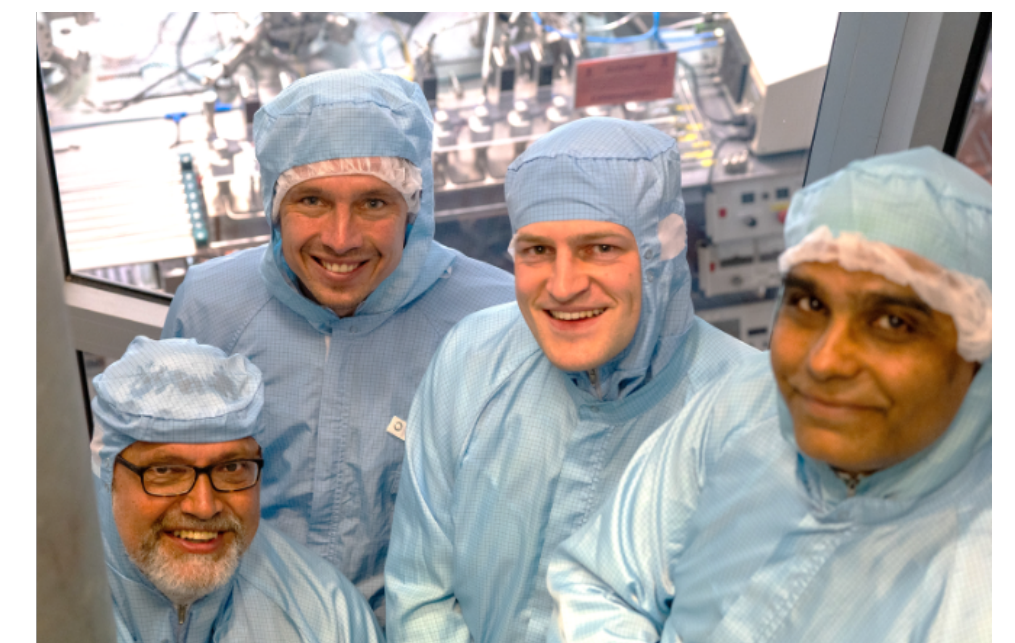


ALD



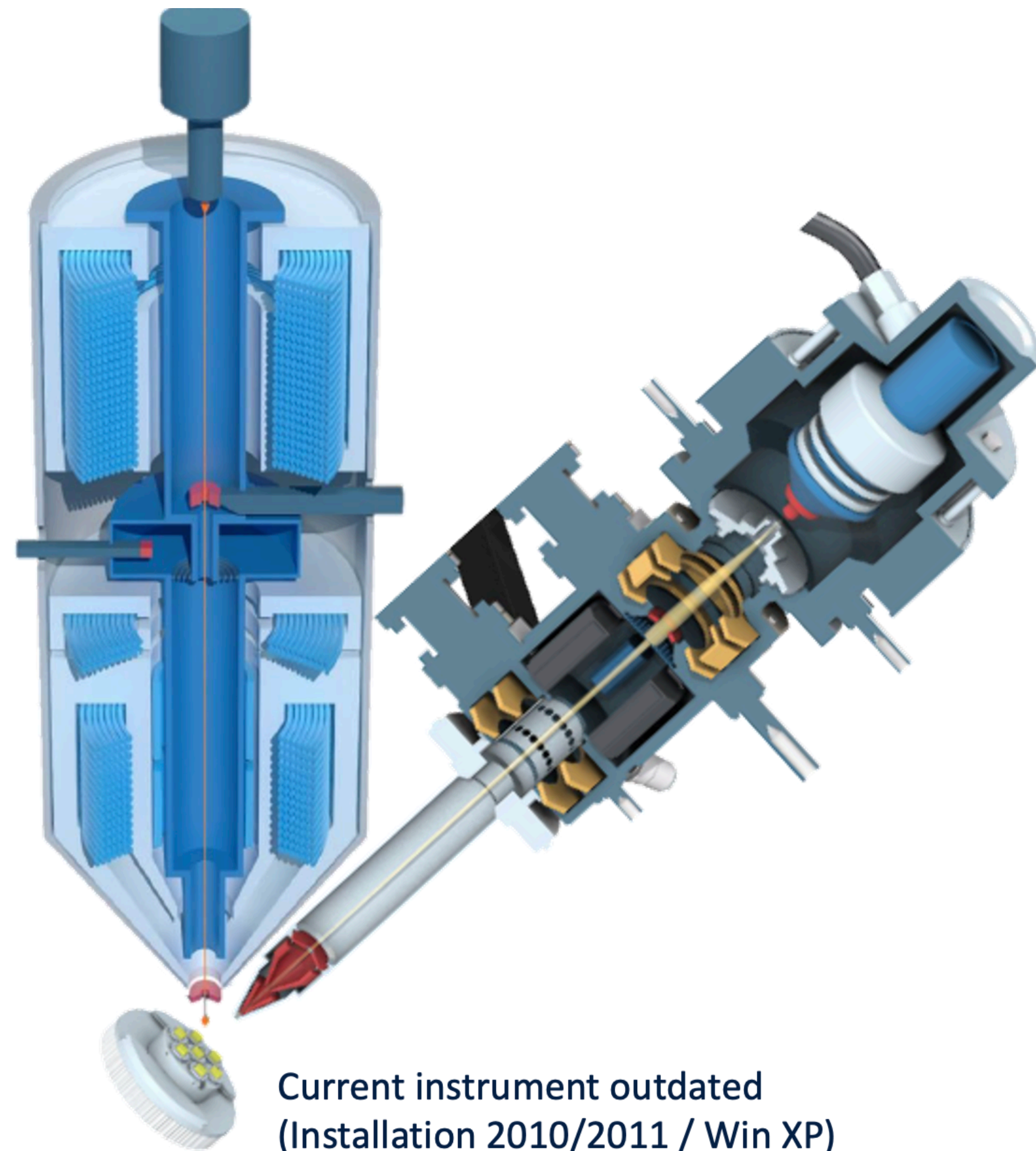
Nanotechnology facility

- 600 m² ISO4 cleanroom
- 300 m² Optoelectronics
- 150 m² HF-Sensorics



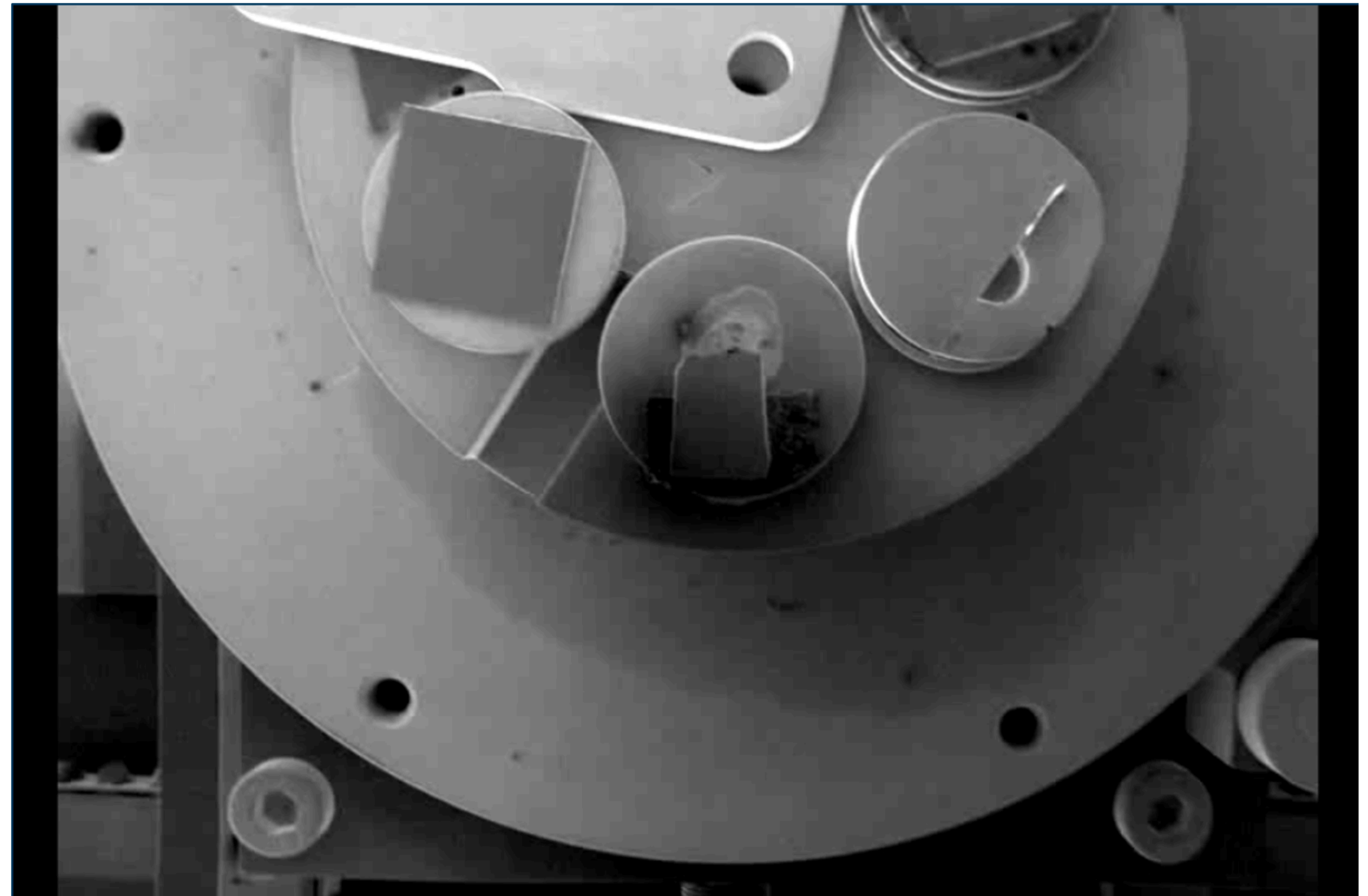
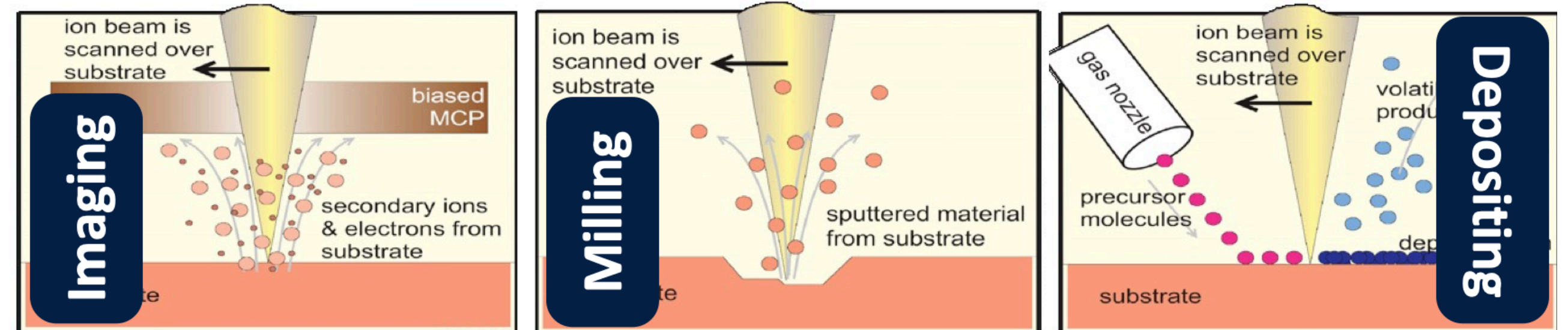
Focused Ion-Beam instruments

New FIB currently being installed



Current instrument outdated
(Installation 2010/2011 / Win XP)

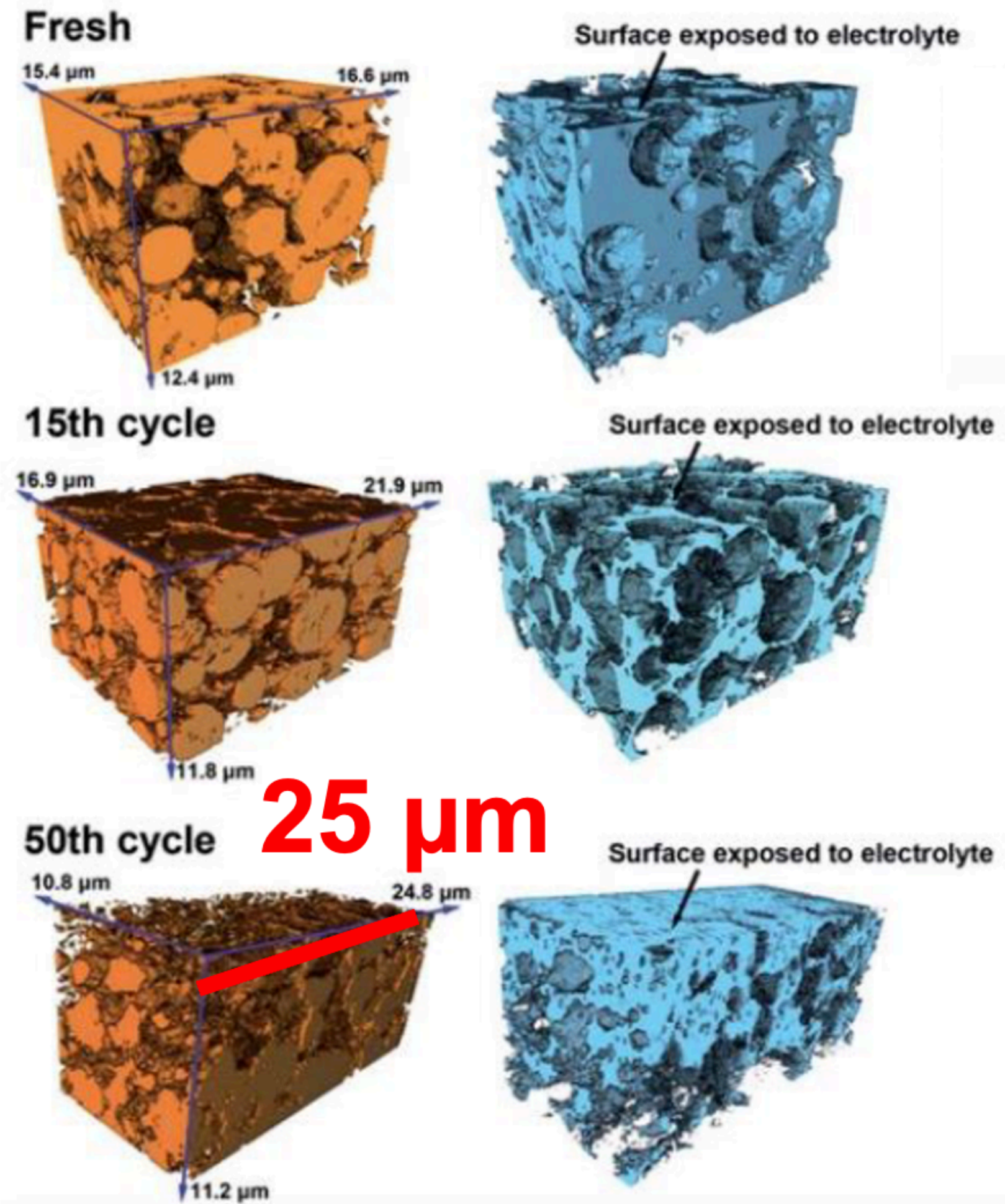
from Tescan



Large-Scale Cross-Sectioning and 3D Characterization

Some examples

Ga-FIB

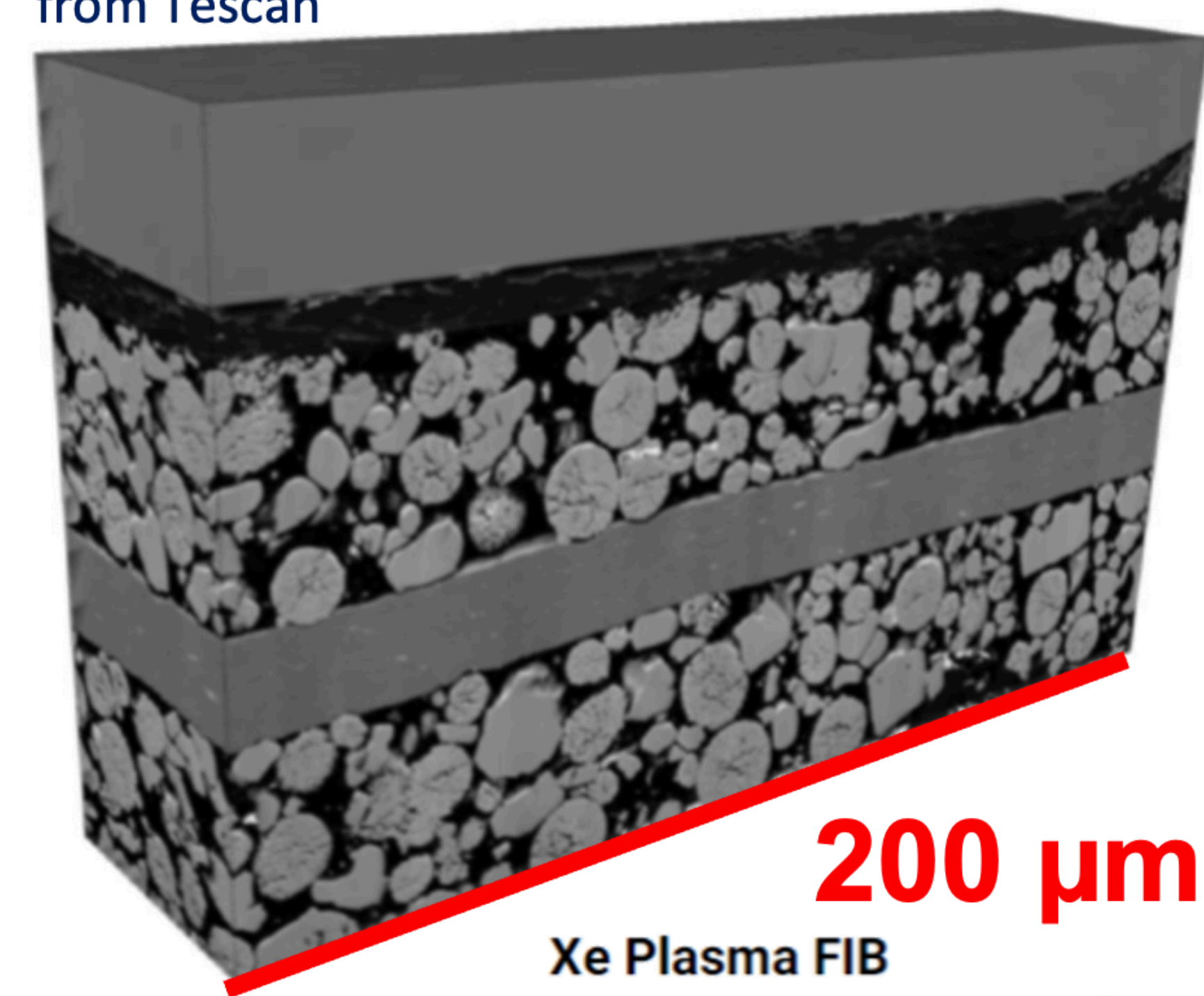


Ga FIB: Volume $10 \times 10 \times 20 \mu\text{m}^3$

[1] B. Song, T. Sui et al., *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 35, 18171 (2015)

Xe-plasma FIB

from Tescan



Xe Plasma FIB

Volume $200 \times 100 \times 80 \mu\text{m}^3$

Voxel: 100 nm

Central Infrastructure located at Universität Siegen

Focus on nanoanalytics, -chemistry and -technology

Shared use of core facilities

- e.g. Nanotechnology facility and TEMs or FIBs for analytics

Excellence cluster activities very welcome

Backup

Materials and Surface Characterization Techniques

Light Microscopy (LM)

- Uses visible light and optical lenses to image sample surfaces at the micron scale.

Raster Electron Microscopy (REM / SEM)

- Scans the surface with a focused electron beam to produce detailed topographic and compositional images.

Focused Ion Beam (FIB)

- Employs a beam of ions (often Ga^+) to mill, cut, or deposit material with nanometer precision; often combined with SEM.

Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

- Transmits electrons through an ultrathin sample to reveal internal structure at atomic resolution.

Aberration-Corrected Transmission Electron Microscopy (AC-TEM)

- Advanced TEM with lens aberration correction for sub-angstrom imaging resolution.

Materials and Surface Characterization Techniques

X-ray Diffraction (XRD)

- Identifies crystal structure, phase composition, and lattice parameters from X-ray scattering patterns.

Micro-Computed Tomography (μ CT)

- Creates 3D images of internal structures using X-rays with micrometer-scale resolution.

Scanning Tunneling / Atomic Force Microscopy (STM / AFM)

- STM maps surfaces atom by atom via tunneling current; AFM measures surface topography via tip-sample forces.

X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS)

- Determines elemental composition and chemical states within the top few nanometers of a surface.

Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry (SIMS)

- Analyzes surface composition and depth profiles by sputtering atoms and measuring the ejected secondary ions.

Atom Probe Tomography (APT)

- Provides 3D atomic-scale mapping of composition and structure via field evaporation and time-of-flight mass spectrometry.

S2 biolabs

ISO4 cleanroom

MNaF consolidation
& development

